

**ADELAIDE TURF
CRICKET ASSOCIATION
INCORPORATED**



BY-LAWS & CODE OF CONDUCT

PUBLISHED
SEPTEMBER 2018

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ADELAIDE TURF CRICKET ASSOCIATION INC.
By-Laws governing cricket played under the management
of the above Association
Notes to the By-Laws shall form part of the By-Laws

PART A. ADMINISTRATION

A1. ALTERATIONS OF BY-LAWS

No alteration or addition shall be made to these By-Laws except at a meeting of the Board of Management called for that purpose of which at least three clear days' notice has been given.

A2. BOARD OF MANAGEMENT POWERS

The Board of Management may at a properly convened meeting deal with all and any matters affecting cricket in the Association whether referred to in these By-Laws or not and the decision of the Committee thereon shall be final and binding.

A3. SUB-COMMITTEES

The Board of Management may delegate the exercise of any of its powers herein conferred to such sub-committee or sub-committees as it may from time to time appoint with or without power to act.

One of which shall be the Emergency Committee of the ATCA which shall consist of the Chairperson, Vice Chairperson, Treasurer and Executive Officer and may deal with matters of urgency upon which all decisions shall be ratified at the next Board of Management Meeting.

The Emergency Committee when dealing with any dispute only has to establish on the balance of probabilities that an action took place when arriving at its decision.

A4. DISPUTES SUBMITTED TO ASSOCIATION

Any club or team desiring the Association to adjudicate in any dispute which may arise in connection with any match shall forward to the Executive Officer of the Association within five days after such dispute shall have arisen a clear statement in writing of the matter in dispute signed by the Secretary or by a responsible officer.

The club or team against whom the dispute is directed will be given a further five days to provide its statement in response. At the expiration of this period the matter will be referred to the appropriate body for adjudication with that decision forwarded to the Board of Management for ratifying.

Any club or team affected by a decision has a right of appeal. The grounds of appeal are limited to an incorrect application of the bylaws, further evidence which was not available at the time the appeal was heard and severity of penalty imposed. The appeal must be lodged within 7 days of notification of the decision to the parties concerned and must be accompanied by a deposit of \$100. The deposit will be forfeited to the funds of the Association if the appeal is deemed frivolous. If no appeal is lodged within the stipulated timeframe the decision will become final and binding.

NOTE: In the application of these Bylaws the decision of the umpires shall bind the players but the Board of Management, on the application thereafter of either team or the umpires, may consider the decision of the umpires and may affirm or reverse that decision and may so vary the premiership points awarded to either or both teams, as it sees fit in consequence of its decision

A5. ASSOCIATION FINES

Where subsequent By-Laws allow for fines or other penalties to be imposed, the Executive Officer or the Board of Management may precede the imposition of a fine by a warning and/or final warning as determined from time to time. The broad parameters of such a policy will be communicated annually to clubs and other interested parties at the beginning of each season.

A6. AFFILIATION OF A NEW CLUB

In considering an application for affiliation by a new Club the ATCA must consider the impact of the application on the viability of any existing ATCA Clubs within a catchment area.

The catchment area is to be determined by the Board of Management with regard to the existing number of Clubs in an area and the presence of 'natural' boundaries in the catchment area. (Eg rivers, main roads, hills face zone)

Notwithstanding this, the Board of Management shall commence its determination of clubs likely to be affected by the application using a catchment area that located affected clubs by the presence of their 'Number 1' ovals within 5 kilometers of the applicant club's 'Number 1' oval.

PART B. THE COMPETITION

B1. AFFILIATION OF TEAMS

- (a)
 - (i) A club may apply for affiliation to the Association of such number of teams representing that club as that club may think fit. Applications for affiliation shall be lodged annually, in accordance with the provisions of this By-Law and the Constitution. Affiliation with the Association shall terminate on the 30th day of September following completion of the season for which affiliation is granted.
 - (ii) Clubs wishing to play in the Premier A1 competition must have a second eleven that plays in the ATCA two day competition the whole season . The application for affiliation shall be in writing and shall be submitted to the Executive Officer of the Association no later than the 30th day of June prior to the commencement of the season for which affiliation is sought, except for Underage teams which shall be the 31st August.
 - (iii) All clubs affiliated with the Association must be insured under the Cricket Australia JLT National Risk Protection Program
- (b) The application shall: -
 - (i) set out the number of Senior and Junior Teams for which affiliation is sought.
 - (ii) state that each team for which affiliation is sought, a ground available for all minor round and major round matches scheduled by the Association between the 1st day of October and the 31st day of March next following year.
 - (iii) list in respect of each team for which affiliation is sought, the full name and address of the home ground;
 - (iv) in the case of a club which is a member of or associated with a group of sporting bodies sharing common facilities be signed by an authorised member of each group;
 - (v) contain an acknowledgement that in consequence of the application for affiliation being received by the Association, the club and its officers, members and players are bound by the Association's Constitution and Rules and By-Laws and the decision of the Board of Management in considering the application;
 - (vi) be signed by the Chairperson and Secretary of the club seeking affiliation and;
 - (vii) contain such other information, conditions and consents as the Board of Management may require from time to time.
- (c) In considering an application for affiliation by a new or existing club the Board of Management may in its discretion:-
 - (i) accept the application in whole or in part
 - (ii) reject the application in whole or in part and;
 - (iii) without limiting the generality of the foregoing subparagraph (ii) reject any application which does not comply with paragraph (b) of this Bylaw or which is received by the Executive Officer after the 30th day of June prior to the commencement of the season for which affiliation is sought;
 - (iv) subject to the foregoing rules the Board of Management in considering an application for affiliation shall have regard to the following:-
 - the standard of ovals and associated facilities provided by the club.
 - the financial viability (including the financial status of a Club in relation to the relevant association) shown by the Club.
 - the standard of administration shown by the club.
 - the behaviour of members of the club both on and off the field.
 - (v) the factors as set out in Bylaw A6.

NOTE: Clubs must be financial to the ATCA by June 30th

B2. GRADING OF TEAMS

- (a) There shall be two sections within the Association to be known as Senior and Junior
- (b) The Senior Section shall comprise those teams which play all their matches on Turf unless otherwise notified by the association.
- (c) The Junior Section shall comprise those teams whose members are under, an age specified by the Association for that chosen age group; - as at the 1st July in the current season.
- (d) Within each section there shall be such grades, and such teams in each grade, as may be determined annually by the Board of Management.
- (e) In determining which team shall belong to which grade the Board of Management shall abide by the following guidelines;
 - (i) A club shall not have more than one team in any one grade except in exceptional circumstances in the junior section or in limited overs competition;

- (ii) the A1 Premier shall comprise only first senior teams of clubs. In the lowest grade of the A grade competition the Board of Management shall have the discretion to allocate one or more first senior teams which would otherwise have been included in that grade to other lower grades as it sees fit.
- (iii) the following rules shall apply to promotion and relegation:-
 - (1) A1 Premier Grade - the bottom two teams shall be relegated to A2 grade and provided they meet the criteria for the A1 Premier Grade competition the final premier and minor premier of A2 grade shall be promoted.
If the final premier and the minor premier are one and the same team the final runner up shall then be promoted also:
If either the final premier, minor premier or final runner up are not first senior teams then any promotion or relegation is at the discretion of the Board of Management taking into account the factors set out in B2 (e) (ii), (iii) and (4) also:
 - (2) In the grade A2 the two bottom teams shall be relegated to the A3 grade and the final premier and minor premier of the A3 grade shall be promoted. Should the final premier and the minor premier be one and the same team, the final runner up shall be promoted also:
If either the final premier, minor premier or final runner up are not first senior teams then any promotion or relegation is at the discretion of the Board of Management taking into account the factors set out in B2 (e) (ii) and (iii) (4) also:
 - (3) The two bottom teams in A3 and any other lower grade in the senior two day competition shall be relegated to the next lower grade whilst the final premier and minor premier shall be promoted to the next higher grade. Should the final premier and the minor premier be one and the same team, the final runner up shall be promoted.
 - (4) At all times the question of promotion and relegation will be at the discretion of the Board of Management who when applying that discretion will consider the following:
The standard of cricketing ability attained by that team.
The standard of the oval and associated facilities provided by that team or by the club to which that team belongs.
The standard of administration shown by the club.
The behaviour of club members both on and off the field.
 - (5) Clubs attaining promotion to any A' Grade Competition as defined in this bylaw will be required to accept such promotion unless exceptional circumstances preclude such a promotion
- (f) The Board of Management shall have full discretion to deal with the extra-ordinary vacancies in the competition and admission of new clubs and teams.

B3 ORDER OF PLAYING MATCHES - ALL GRADES

The teams in all grades shall, except when otherwise determined by the Board of Management or the program Committee, play matches in the minor round in the order shown in programs prepared.

B4. ALTERATION OF PROGRAM

The Board of Management or the Program Committee may, if necessary, alter the Program with respect to the date or ground on which any match is to be played.

B5. DECISION ON FIRST INNINGS

- (a) If two innings are not completed the match shall be decided on the 1st innings. But should neither side have won on the 1st innings (except as provided for in the By-Law B12) unless the result is a tie, such match shall count as a draw.
- (b) The team which scores the greater number of runs shall be declared the winner irrespective of the number of wickets lost by either side, unless pitch, ground, weather or light conditions prevent the team batting second from receiving the same number of overs and part thereof as the side batting first, in which case the result shall be a draw.
- (c) In the event of an equality in the aggregate number of runs in which each side has two innings, one of which is not completed, the match shall be decided on the first innings.

B6. TIED MATCHES

If at the conclusion of the available playing time of a match, the first innings score of the team batting second equals the first inning score of its opponents and has completed its innings, the result of the match shall be regarded as a tie on the first innings.

In the event of an equality in the aggregate number of runs in which each side has two completed innings, the match shall be regarded as an outright tie.

B7. FORFEITS AND/OR ABANDONMENT

- (a) For the purposes of this Bylaw a forfeit can be awarded in the following instances.
- (i) At the expiry of 30 minutes after the scheduled time for the start of play, it fails to present 8 or more players for play at the ground scheduled for the match; or
- (ii) By notice, oral or written, to the Executive Officer of the Association, or to a designated Officer of the Association it concedes that it will so fail; or
- (iii) It is the subject of a determination under paragraph (i) hereof.
- (b) A club which is unable to field a team in the two day competition shall, for the purpose of premiership points forfeit the match. **In the case of a forfeit in the Limited Over competition the club will also incur a penalty of one additional match point.** Clubs forfeiting a match shall be liable to a fine of \$100 for senior grades and \$25 for junior grades. Each subsequent forfeit shall see the fine increase by \$100 for senior grades and \$25 for junior grades.
- (c) It shall be the responsibility of the defaulting club to notify the Executive Officer soon as possible that the match is to be forfeited and the Executive Officer shall in turn notify the opposing Club. Any breach of this By-Law may be the subject of fines and/or loss of points to the defaulting Club.
- (d) No team shall be entitled to receive a forfeit and to be awarded premiership points prescribed for a forfeit if it is also unable to field a team for that match. If a team wins a match on forfeit in accordance with the By-Laws it shall enter the match result and selected team using the MyCricket administration system.
- (e) If a club is unable to field one or more teams then the team or teams forfeiting shall be the lowest graded team or teams of the club. Should a club forfeit a match in a grade other than their lowest grade then the club shall provide a written explanation to the Board of Management within 14 days of the scheduled commencement of the forfeited match. If this explanation is deemed unsatisfactory by the Board of Management then the club may be subjected to fines and/or loss of match points as determined by the Board of Management. For this By-Law the Senior Two Day Competition and the Limited Over Competition shall be classed as Two Separate Competitions.
- (f) Where in the opinion of the Emergency Committee the home club can be fairly regarded as responsible for the unavailability of any oval or the non-preparation of the wicket for the scheduled match, which by its very nature prevents any play at all in the game, the Emergency Committee shall subject to paragraph (g) hereof make a determination to that effect.
- Clubs are required to notify the association if on any day leading up to a scheduled match any wicket or oval damage that may by its nature delay or prevent play to any schedule match. Failure to do so will subject the club to section (g) of this bylaw.
- Clubs using school grounds will be held responsible for non-preparation or unavailability of such grounds even though the ground comes under the authority of the school.

NOTE: The home club is responsible for not only the provision of the oval and pitch but also the availability of all equipment necessary to enable the match to be played on the oval including the stumps, bails, boundary markers and pitch marking materials. *This responsibility also extends to the requirement to have in place a contingency plan to cater for preparation of the wicket outside the normal ground arrangements.*

- (g) The Emergency Committee shall not make a determination under (f) hereof without first affording a reasonable opportunity to the home club to make representation to it through the Executive Officer. The determination can also take into account whether or in their opinion the home club was able to field a team for that match. The matter will then be placed in the hands of the Board of Management who after considering all the evidence may subject the club to fines and/or loss of match points as prescribed for a forfeit.
- (h) UNAVAILABILITY OF GROUNDS – It shall be the responsibility of the home club to notify the Executive Officer of the Association as soon as possible of the unavailability of any oval for a scheduled match. Where, in the opinion of the Executive Officer, the home club may not be regarded as responsible for the unavailability of the oval, the Executive Officer shall notify the opposing club, and if possible make alternative arrangements acceptable to both clubs. Any breach of this By-Law may be subject to fines and/or the awarding of a forfeit against the home team by the Board of Management.

NOTE: If in the opinion of the Executive Officer he considers the notification comes within the bounds of B7 (f) he shall refer the matter to the Emergency Committee.

- (i) Where after the commencement of play of a scheduled match a club is regarded as responsible for the unavailability of any oval, the non-preparation of the wicket, refusing the direction of an umpire, or subject to a Tribunal finding, the Board of Management who after considering all the evidence may subject the club to fines and or loss of match points as prescribed for a forfeit.
- (j) All Clubs shall play all of their home games on the grounds nominated in the Official Fixtures and grounds list posted on the ATCA website. If any Club wishes to change the venue of a match to another ground, the approval of the Executive Officer or Emergency Committee must be obtained prior to any proposed change.

- (k) Any dispensation in compliance with Law 7.3 of The Laws of Cricket - (Changing of pitch during a match) shall require the prior approval of the Executive Officer or Emergency Committee. Any dispute which arises in the Junior Competition in regard to the fitness of play as per Law 7.4 (Changing the Pitch) shall be resolved by the umpires. The umpires are directed to first consider the Spirit of Cricket in that Law 7.4 can be disregarded if they feel the wicket is of similar condition to the first day, play will continue as normal. If the umpire considers the wicket is of sub-standard condition then Law 7.4 to be invoked.

Where no official umpires are present and captains can't come to an agreement, the association Executive Officer or his nominee shall have the same power as an umpire to act on the fitness of play. In this instance any decision to claim a forfeit or abandoned the match must first have approval of the Executive Officer. If Law 7.4 is breached regardless of the outcome of the match both clubs and umpires are required to report the breach to the association. Clubs found to be in breach of Law 7.4 will face a fine not exceeding \$200

- (l) When a round is abandoned all teams receive 5 pts. If in that same round play has been completed outside the normal Saturday times e.g. Friday night game, the match is declared as null and void and the two teams receive 5 pts each. If a team forfeits before the round is abandoned the team claiming a forfeit will only receive 5 pts. If a team forfeits within 24 hours of the scheduled start of play that team will receive a further \$100 fine.

B8. POINTS - HOW AWARDED

- (1) Match Points

The following points shall be awarded for all matches:

- | | | |
|-----|---|-------------|
| (a) | Win on First Innings (without subsequent outright loss) | 10 points |
| (b) | Win on First Innings (with subsequent outright loss) | 10 points |
| (c) | Loss on First Innings | Nil |
| (d) | Outright Win (additional) | 5 points |
| (e) | Outright Loss | Nil |
| (f) | Draw (to be read in conjunction with By-Law B5) | |
| | (i) where only one team has batted | 5 points |
| | (ii) where neither team has batted in a one day match | 5 points |
| | (iii) where neither team has batted in a two day match | 8 points |
| | (iv) where both teams have batted and the team batting second has received a lesser number of balls than the team batting first | 5 points |
| (g) | Tie (to be read in conjunction with By-Law B6) | |
| | (i) on First Innings | 5 points |
| | (ii) on First Innings and subsequent outright loss | 5 points |
| | (iii) on First Innings and subsequent outright win | 10 points |
| | (iv) on First and Second Innings | 7.5 points |
| | (v) loss on the First Innings and subsequent outright tie | 2.5 points |
| | (vi) win on the First Innings and subsequent outright tie | 12.5 points |
| (h) | Forfeit. A team receiving a forfeit under bylaw B7 (a) shall be awarded the following points: | |
| | Two Day Match | 18 points |
| | One Day Match | 15 points |
| | Limited Overs | 10 points |
| | A team receiving a forfeit under bylaw B7 (i) shall in addition to receiving any bonus points gained will be awarded the following match points on top of any bonus points: | |
| | Two Day Match | 18 points |
| | One Day Match | 15 points |
| | Limited Overs | 10 points |

Note:

The side that has had the forfeit awarded against them under bylaw B7 (i) will lose all match and bonus points gained for the match.

The points as referred to above are based around the fact that the round is not classified as a washout/heat policy cancellation and a result has been achieved by at least one team in the grade.

- (i) Where there are an uneven number of byes in a grade, teams that are unfairly disadvantaged by the second bye in the season will be awarded the maximum number of points, normally awarded for a forfeit under bylaw B8 (h). In the case of a washout/heat policy cancellation or no team achieving a result it shall receive the maximum number of points for that round.
- (2) Incentive Points - Senior A1 to B3 Grade and Junior Section
Incentive points shall be awarded in all matches for both innings performances as follows,

- | | | | |
|-----|--|------|------------------------|
| (a) | Batting First Innings | .015 | for every run |
| | Batting Second | .010 | for every run |
| (b) | Bowling First Innings | .30 | for every wicket taken |
| | Bowling Second Innings | .20 | for every wicket taken |
| (c) | C1 to C3 Grade: No bonus points applied to second innings of all matches. | | |

If both Captains agree, that after the completion of each teams respective first innings, that no further result can be achieved, in which case stumps may be drawn earlier than the scheduled hour for the completion of play. In this instance the scheduled hour for completion of play will not be prior to the scheduled tea break.

Any Captain or team who refuses to abide by the wishes of the opposition team who may wish to continue, notwithstanding the above, will be subject to a forfeit resulting in a loss of all match and bonus points and a fine.

(3) **CORRECTNESS OF SCORES – LAWS OF CRICKET (3.15)**

Consultation between umpires and scorers on doubtful points is essential. The umpires shall throughout the match, satisfy themselves as to the correctness of the number of runs scored, the wickets that have fallen and, where appropriate, the number of overs bowled. They shall agree these with the scorers at least at every interval, other than a drinks interval, and at the conclusion of the Match.

(4) **RESULT NOT TO BE CHANGED – LAWS OF CRICKET (21.10)**

Once the umpires have agreed with the scorers the correctness of the scores at the conclusion of the match the result cannot thereafter be changed.

Comment:

Umpires and or Captains must sign off, by initialing the score books, on the correctness of scores at the conclusion of each innings and end of the days play.

B9. TO DETERMINE POSITION ON AVERAGES

1. In the event of two or more teams gaining the same number of points in the limited over competition, their relative position shall be determined by averages. For the purpose of ascertaining averages, the following system shall be adopted:

The batting average for a team shall be obtained by dividing the total number of runs scored by the total number of wickets lost. The bowling average against a team shall be obtained by dividing the total number of runs scored against it by the total number of wickets taken. The former shall be divided by the latter and the team having the higher quotient shall be considered to have the better performance.

2. In the event of two or more teams gaining the same number of points in the two day competition, their relative position shall be determined with the following system adopted:

In-season result will be used to break ties between teams, if this result is a draw then B9 (1) will apply. On the occasion where the in-season results in two matches played during the minor round and one win apiece is recorded, their relative position shall be determined by the team that received the greater combined number of match points. If teams are still unable to be separated then the team that has accumulated the greater number of match bonus points over those matches will be declared as the higher ranked team

B10. MATCH REPORTS TO BE FURNISHED

After the completion of each match, the following reports as set out below with areas of responsibility are required to be lodged online using the MyCricket administration system.

ATCA Senior Competition

Home Team Responsibilities

1. Selection of teams and match results must be entered into MyCricket by midnight on the **Tuesday** following the completion of the match.
2. Captains report which includes both umpires report (if applicable) and ground assessment must be entered into MyCricket by midnight on the **Tuesday** following the completion of the match.
3. Individual player statistics must be entered into MyCricket by midnight on the **Thursday** following the completion of the match.

Please Note

The away team may enter the match results at such time this is done the home team will be required to approve the result

Away Team Responsibilities.

1. Selection of teams must be entered and match results approved in MyCricket by midnight on the **Tuesday** following the completion of the match.
2. Captains report which includes both umpires report (if applicable) and ground assessment must be entered into MyCricket by midnight on the **Tuesday** following the completion of the match.
3. Individual player statistics must be entered into MyCricket by midnight on the **Thursday** following the completion of the match.

ATCA Junior Competition

Home Team Responsibilities

1. Selection of teams and match results must be entered into MyCricket by midnight on the **Wednesday** following the completion of the match.
2. Captains report which includes both umpires report (if applicable) and ground assessment must be entered into MyCricket by midnight on the **Wednesday** following the completion of the match.
3. Individual player statistics must be entered into MyCricket by midnight on the **Thursday** following the completion of the match.

Please Note the away team may enter the match results at such time this is done the home team will be required to approve the result

Away Team Responsibilities.

1. Selection of teams must be entered and match results must be approved in MyCricket by midnight on the **Wednesday** following the completion of the match.
2. Captains report which includes both umpires report (if applicable) and ground assessment must be entered into MyCricket by midnight on the **Wednesday** following the completion of the match.
3. Individual player statistics must be entered into MyCricket by midnight on the **Thursday** following the completion of the match.

PENALTY FOR NON COMPLIANCE

Any Team that fails to submit the above reports will be subject to the following penalties:

- (i) In relation to Reports 1, 2 & 3 a fine not exceeding \$25.00 for each separate transgression. Clubs that continue to transgress will be subjected to increased fines not exceeding \$50.00
- (ii) It shall also be the duty of the home side or when a game is played on a neutral ground the first named team in the program to phone scores through to the numbers as determined by the Board of Management or as appears on the ATCA website. Failure to do so may result in a fine not exceeding \$10 for each separate failure

B11. SEMI-FINAL MATCHES - ALL GRADES

- (a) The four teams leading on points at the completion of the minor round games in each grade shall compete in a final round as set out hereunder or in such manner as may be decided by the Board of Management, to decide the Premiership.

Semi-Finals:	First Second	v v	Fourth Third
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- (b) Semi-final round matches shall be played as Two Day Matches - if no play is possible on the first day scheduled for play, the matches shall be played as a One Day Match. Should time be lost on the first day of a semi-final the conditions in D9 (1) (d) shall apply.
- (c) In the event that no decision can be obtained within the time allowed for the match or it ends in a tie on the first innings and no subsequent result is obtained, the team finishing higher on the premiership table at the end of the minor round shall be deemed the winner. In the event of an outright tie, the match shall be decided on the first innings.
- (d) The highest ranked team will be deemed the home team. If the highest ranked teams designated ground or nominated ground is either not available or deemed unsuitable by the association, the opposition, being subject to the same criteria, will be given the choice of hosting the match. If both teams are unable to provide a satisfactory venue then it will be the responsibility of the highest ranked team to secure a suitable ground and all the associated costs.
- (e) Clubs hosting A' Grade Semi or Grand Finals must have the use of covers that cover the entire pitch square. Clubs unable to fulfil this requirement may lose the right to host A' Grade Finals.
- (f) All final matches will be played on turf. If the higher ranked teams normal ground is a hard wicket then the lower ranked team will have the option of hosting the game on a turf wicket
- (g) Any Club in violation of Rule 34 of the Constitution is ineligible to field sides in the finals of any grade.
- (h) Clubs must refer to Laws of Cricket- Law 9 for pitch preparation for semi-final games with the exception of Law 9.1.1 the rolling of the wicket on a Match Day between innings is not permitted if the change of innings takes place during the days play unless the umpires are notified prior to the toss of the coin that this provision is available at all times throughout the match
- (i) In either a Semi-Final or Grand Final match, on Day 1, where both umpires and captains are in agreement that as a result of extending the playing hours by no more than a further 30 minutes a result can be reached, then play can continue in order to achieve that result.

B12. GRAND FINAL MATCHES - SPECIAL CONDITIONS TO DETERMINE A RESULT

- (a) Grand Final matches shall be played over Two Days (one weekend). However if no play is possible on both days and a spare weekend has been scheduled into the match program then the match may be re-scheduled for the spare weekend.
- (b) The highest ranked team will be deemed the home team. If the highest ranked teams designated ground or nominated ground is either not available or deemed unsuitable by the association, the opposition, being subject to the same criteria, will be given the choice of hosting the match. If both teams are unable to provide a satisfactory venue then it will be the responsibility of the highest ranked team to secure a suitable ground and all the associated costs.
- (c) All clubs earning the right to host A' grade grand finals must first meet all conditions set within ATCA policy "Criteria for hosting A' grade grand finals". Policy available on ATCA website
- (d) Clubs hosting A' Grade Semi or Grand Finals must have the use of covers that cover the entire pitch square. Clubs unable to fulfil this requirement may lose the right to host A' Grade Finals.
- (e) If more than 30 minutes play is lost on the first day of a Final then By-Law D9 (1)(d) shall apply taking into account any scheduled finishing time as allowed by the Finals Special Conditions below.
- (f) Should time be lost on the second day of a Final match then By-Law D9 (1) (g) shall apply.
- (g) Should no play be possible on the first day of a Final match then By-Law D9 (2) or (3) shall apply.
- (h) However, if the result of a final match is a tie, the match shall be replayed if possible. If no other result than a tie can be obtained, the two teams involved shall be declared joint premiers.
- (i) If no decision can be obtained, the participating team finishing higher on the Premiership Table at the end of the minor round shall be deemed the winner.
- (j) Play must continue until the scheduled closing times unless play has been abandoned for the day on account of unfitness of the ground weather or light or if play in the game has not commenced prior to the scheduled time for the commencement of the tea interval for A1 Premier to B3 or 120 minutes for all other grades the days play shall be abandoned. Should any time be lost prior to the commencement of play on the first day then that time lost can be made up by continuing play on the first Saturday by up to an hour and by commencing play earlier on the second day by up to the time outstanding to be made up. This can also include any time lost due to an interruption on the first day even taking into account a delayed start. In either circumstance mentioned above the maximum amount of time that is permitted to be made up is Two Hours.
- (k) All final matches will be played on turf. If the higher ranked teams normal ground is a hard wicket then the lower ranked team will have the option of hosting the game on a turf wicket
- (l) The conditions as set out in the bylaws that apply to the second days play shall be applied as written with the following exceptions:
 - i.
 - ii. To cater for an earlier starting time due to time lost on the first day
 - iii. If play has been undertaken on the first day and if in the opinion of the umpires a result can still be achieved in the time remaining then the scheduled commencement time can be delayed till 4.00 p.m. The umpires in coming to this decision must weigh up the fact that any such decision is equally fair to both sides.
- (m) Clubs must refer to Laws of Cricket- Law 9 for pitch preparation for grand-final games with the exception of Law 9.1.1 the rolling of the wicket on a Match Day between innings is not permitted if the change of innings takes place during the days play unless the umpires are notified prior to the toss of the coin that this provision is available at all times throughout the match
- (n) In either a Semi-Final or Grand Final match, on Day 1, where both umpires and captains are in agreement that as a result of extending the playing hours by no more than a further 30 minutes a result can be reached, then play can continue in order to achieve that result.
- (o) **One Day Matches (Two Day Competition)**

If the umpires deem that no-play is possible on account of unfitness of the ground weather or light by 1.00pm the match will be abandoned.

In the event of a match starting late due to ground weather or light conditions play can be extended to 6 p.m. A result can only be achieved if both teams have batted for at least 35 overs unless one team has been dismissed in less than 35 overs or unless the team batting second scores more runs in less than 35 overs.

If owing to the suspension of play the team batting second does not receive the same numbers of overs as the team batting first has received the match shall be drawn.

If the above circumstances are not applicable the match is to be played under the applicable By-Laws for the relevant grade.

B13 CLUB SCORERS

The A1 Premier and A2 grade clubs must supply a club scorer at all times, failure to do so will result in a fine not exceeding \$50 for each separate transgression. Clubs that continue to transgress will be subjected to increase fines not exceeding \$100

PART C. PLAYER QUALIFICATION

C1. RESIDENTIAL QUALIFICATIONS

The Association shall not exercise any control for residential qualifications for constituent clubs.

C2. REGISTRATION OF PLAYERS

1. Registration of New Players (*refers to player that has never played cricket in an official competition*)

- (a) All new players taking part in the official competition of the Association shall be registered by their respective clubs and no team shall include an unregistered player.
- (b) Any club playing an unregistered player in any match in the Senior Competition shall be fined \$50.00 for each offence. For the Junior Competition, the fine shall be \$20.00 for each offence.
- (c) Registration of new players shall be effected by first completing the prescribe registration/clearance form before the player commences any game within the ATCA senior or junior competition then process the registration on the MyCricket administration system as prescribed by the Board of Management and by the payment of any registration fees of such amounts as may be fixed by the Board of Management.
- (d) For the purpose of this Bylaw any new player must be registered on MyCricket by midday Tuesday after the commencement of the first match in which he/she plays.

2. Dual Registration Senior Competition

- (a) A player who is registered with an ATCA club (primary club) in any season may play with a SACA or Community Club (secondary club) in that season, and a player who is registered with a SACA or any club or association within Australia in any season may play for an ATCA club in that season, without requiring a clearance. For the purposes of this Bylaw, such an arrangement shall be known as Dual Registration.
- (b) Dual Registration will be permitted only on the following conditions.
 - i. All players applying for dual registration must make sure all parties complete and sign the ATCA Dual Registration form, **which clubs will be required to lodge with the ATCA.** Only then can the player be transferred to the clubs playing list using the MyCricket Player Transfer Method
 - ii. A player may not have more than one Dual Registration in any one season
 - iii. A player with Dual Registration must always complete a match which has commenced and in which he/she was named to play.
 - iv. The relevant ATCA Bylaws pertaining to eligibility to play in finals shall apply to a player with Dual Registration. (See bylaw C5)
 - v. In the senior Two Day or Limited Over competitions no more than one such registered player can be selected to play for an individual team in each officially programmed round. Any variation to this provision will require the prior consent of the Permit Committee.
 - vi. Clubs playing Dual Registered players from SACA clubs in the senior ATCA competition can only use players from 2 such clubs in any one season.
 - vii. A player having played in the previous season under Dual Registration with any other club other than the one he now seeks to play for will first have to obtain a financial clearance as per Bylaw C3 from his previous Dual Registered club as well as the Dual Registration from the player's primary club.
 - viii. Any team playing a player without the necessary qualifications or permit as defined in this Bylaw in any match, shall lose that match and all match and incentive points earned in that match unless otherwise decided by the Board of Management. The Board of Management shall have the discretion to impose further penalties as it sees fit.
- (c) Dual Registration (Special Provisions)
 - i. Dual Registration or the exchange of players is permitted within clubs playing within the ATCA competition.
 - ii. Clubs cannot have more than one Dual Registration agreement in place under this provision in any one season.
 - iii. Both clubs exchanging and playing players under this provision shall provide the names and registration number of the players to the Executive Officer by 4.00 pm on the Friday following the conclusion of the match
 - iv. The relevant ATCA Bylaws pertaining to eligibility to play in finals shall apply to a player using this provision.
 - v. For players using this provision to qualify to play finals the club for which they are playing must be the player's primary club.
 - vi. This provision places no limit on the number of players that can be exchanged each round or play in a particular team
 - vii. Any variation to this provision will require the prior consent of the Permit Committee.

C3. PERMIT FOR CLEARANCE – SENIOR SECTION

- (a) All clearance applications to play shall be attained by first completing the ATCA Clearance/Registration form (available on the website) before the player commences any game within the ATCA senior or junior competition and then processing the clearance through the MyCricket administration system. This shall be directed to the club with which the player last played for, unless otherwise provided for in this bylaw or at the discretion of the Permit Sub-Committee. The club is required to keep the Clearance/Registration form, upon which will be required to be produced as proof, if requested by the ATCA
- If a player has not played cricket in any of the 5 previous seasons for any club or association within Australia a clearance may only be refused if he/she is prohibited from playing for a club pursuant to paragraph (d) hereof.
- If any club from whom a clearance is sought does not respond to the application within 7 business days of lodgment of such application, then the club seeking the clearance may apply to the Permit Sub-Committee for a permit to allow the player to play. For the purpose of this bylaw the registered date the clearance application was lodged through MyCricket shall be accepted as proof of lodging a clearance application.
- No Player having played for an ATCA club or any other club affiliated with SACA or any other cricket association within South Australia in the current season may apply for a clearance to an ATCA club after the 31st December.
- Applications for adding new players not registered on MyCricket must be lodged via the MyCricket administration system as per Bylaw C2 (1)
- (b) MyCricket Transfer - Senior Competition.
- Clubs are not allowed to use the MyCricket Player Transfer method to register a player for the senior competition without first completing and lodging the ATCA Dual Registration form as per Bylaw C2 (2) or in special cases seeking the permission of the Permit Sub-Committee. If the player is not seeking Dual Registration then Bylaw C3 (a) Permit for Clearance is to be strictly observed. Failure to do so will be in breach of paragraph (f) of this bylaw
- (c) Interstate Associations Clearance or Dual Registration
- Any player registered on MyCricket system having played for an interstate club or association will be required to obtain a clearance as per Bylaw C3 (a) or dual registration as per Bylaw C2 (2) from the club with which they last played for or in special cases seeking the permission from the Permit Sub-Committee before playing with an ATCA club
- (d) No player shall be permitted to play for a club if he/she owes money to a club or Association or is under suspension or disqualification by any club or Association. Such prohibition shall continue until the player in question has met his/her obligations or until the disqualification has been removed.
- (e) Appeals
- Any person prevented from playing under this Bylaw may through the club for which he/she seeks to play, appeal to the Board of Management, and such committee after reviewing such evidence as is available shall give a decision which shall be binding on all parties.
- (f) Any team playing a player without the necessary qualifications or permit as defined in this Bylaw in any match, shall lose that match and all match and incentive points earned in that match unless otherwise decided by the Board of Management. The Board of Management shall have the discretion to impose further penalties as it sees fit.

C4. PERMIT FOR CLEARANCE – JUNIOR SECTION

- (a) All clearance applications to play shall be attained by first completing the ATCA Clearance/Registration form (available on the website) before the player commences any game within the ATCA junior competition and then processing the clearance through the MyCricket administration system. This shall be directed to the club with which the player last played for, unless otherwise provided for in this bylaw or at the discretion of the Permit Sub-Committee. The club is required to keep the Clearance/Registration form, upon which will be required to be produced as proof, if requested by the ATCA
- If a player has not played cricket in any of the 5 previous seasons for any club or association within Australia a clearance may only be refused if he/she is prohibited from playing for a club pursuant to paragraph (d) hereof.
- If any club from whom a clearance is sought does not respond to the application within 7 business days of lodgment of such application, then the club seeking the clearance may apply to the Permit Sub-Committee for a permit to allow the player to play. For the purpose of this bylaw the registered date the clearance application was lodged through MyCricket shall be accepted as proof of lodging a clearance application.
- No Player having played for an ATCA club or any other club affiliated with SACA or any other cricket association within South Australia in the current season may apply for a clearance to an ATCA club after the 31st December.
- Applications for adding new players not registered on MyCricket must be lodged via the MyCricket administration system as per Bylaw C2 (1)

- (b) MyCricket Transfer - Junior Competition.
Clubs are not allowed to use the MyCricket Player Transfer method to register a player for the junior competition without first completing and lodging the ATCA Dual Registration form as per Bylaw C2 (2) or in special cases seeking the permission of the Permit Sub-Committee. If the player is not seeking Dual Registration then Bylaw C3 (a) Permit for Clearance is to be strictly observed. Failure to do so will be in breach of paragraph (f) of this bylaw
- (c) Interstate Associations Clearance or Dual Registration
Any player registered on MyCricket system having played for an interstate club or association will be required to obtain a clearance as per Bylaw C3 (a) or dual registration as per Bylaw C2 (2) from the club with which they last played for or in special cases seeking the permission from the Permit Sub-Committee before playing with an ATCA club
- (d) No player shall be permitted to play for a club if he/she owes money to a club or Association or is under suspension or disqualification by any club or Association. Such prohibition shall continue until the player in question has met his/her obligations or until the disqualification has been removed.
- (e) Appeals
Any person prevented from playing under this Bylaw may through the club for which he/she seeks to play, appeal to the Board of Management, and such committee after reviewing such evidence as is available shall give a decision which shall be binding on all parties.
- (f) Any team playing a player without the necessary qualifications or permit as defined in this Bylaw in any match, shall lose that match and all match and incentive points earned in that match unless otherwise decided by the Board of Management. The Board of Management shall have the discretion to impose further penalties as it sees fit.

C5. QUALIFICATIONS FOR SEMI-FINAL AND FINAL (MAJOR ROUND) MATCHES

1. For the purpose of this bylaw, there will be two separate competitions, the Two Day Competition and the Limited Overs Competition. The Two Day Competition will be considered the higher competition.
2. The major round will consist of Semi-Finals and Grand-Final (Finals).
3. No player is qualified to play in Finals unless the player has played 3 matches in the Two Day Competition or 5 matches in the Limited Overs Competition (*or at least 25% of matches played in the Limited Over competition*) respectively. A combination of Two Day Competition and Limited Overs Competition matches cannot be used to meet this standard. *Forfeits or abandoned matches cannot be used to meet the above qualification standards.*
4. A player shall not be eligible to play in Finals if they have not met criteria (3), and subject to section (5), cannot play in a lower team or competition unless at least 50% of the matches played, in which the player has participated, were in the lower teams or in the lower competition. For the purpose of C5 (4), two Limited Overs Competition matches equal one Two Day Competition match.
5. No player is able to migrate between the Two Day Competition and Limited Overs Competition unless they meet the qualification standards of each respective competition. If a player is eligible for both competitions then initial finals selection in that competition restricts that person to that competition. However, free transfer will be allowed between two or more consecutive club teams in either the Two Day Competition or Limited Overs Competition which qualify for Finals and are participating in the same round of matches in Finals.
6. Where consecutive teams are competing in Semi-Finals any player selected in that team is free to play for that team in a subsequent Grand-Final, even if the consecutive team chain is broken provided they are qualified for that competition under criteria (3).
7. Should a player who plays in a higher team under section (6) and that side subsequently loses, that player shall not be allowed to return to a lower team unless otherwise previously qualified
8. Any player using the consecutive chain clause (to play in a semi-final), which is then broken, is entitled to use the semi-final match to qualify for the grand-final for that same team.
9. For a dual registered player, who has met the qualification standards to be eligible, he must not have played more than 50% of his total matches in another Association. No player dual registered after the 31st December will be eligible to play finals
10. Any player who does not meet the qualifications can only play with the permission of the Permit Committee and only in exceptional circumstances.
11. Any team that includes a player in contravention of this bylaw shall lose the match in which such a player takes part, as well as being subject to bylaw C2 (1) (b).

Comment:

- (a) *Note where a junior club has more than one team in a particular grade they shall be rated by the clubs prior to the commencement of the season as to which shall be deemed the higher ranked team for the purpose of this bylaw. Any transfer of players between these teams during the finals will therefore be subject to this section and may require a permit to play.*

- (b) To work out if a U/17 junior requires a permit as a result of playing matches in the SACA 1st grade competition, the following criteria will apply:
1. In respect to a player who has played 4 or more matches in the SACA 1st grade competition a permit will be required.
 2. In granting a permit the association will take into account how many ATCA junior games they have played. It will be the sole responsibility of the association in determining if the club has applied the spirit of cricket in qualifying players playing in the SACA 1st grade competition
 3. Where any junior player is faced with the possibility of participating in a SACA match which clashes with the ATCA junior finals, such player can only represent one association on that day

C6. PLAYING IN MORE THAN ONE TEAM

No player may play for 2 or more teams and/or clubs in the same round of ATCA fixtures without the prior permission of the permit Sub-Committee. In each match in which a player plays without such permission the opponents of the offending team shall receive the greater of the actual match and incentive points earned by it or the points which would have been awarded had it been in receipt of a forfeit from the offending team. The offending team in each case shall lose all match and incentive points earned by it in the match plus ten (10) additional points.

For the purpose of this bylaw the ATCA considers the same round to be the corresponding dates within the two day competition and the limited over competition. See example below

Example #1

Round 1 of the Two Day Competition is scheduled to be played over the first two weekends of the season. That Round also corresponded with Rounds 1 and 2 of the Limited Over Competition.

This Bylaw does allow discretion for the following scenario. A player after being originally selected to play the first week in the Limited Over Competition to then being selected (subject to a permit) in the second week for the Two Day Competition as a result of week 1 of the two day competition having been washed out.

This Bylaw does not allow players originally selected in the Two Day Competition that subsequently is washed out in week one, then playing in the Limited Over Competition that particular week and then being considered as eligible to play in the Two Day Competition the following week. In this case those players are not eligible to play in the Two Day competition the following week.

Comment:

This also applies to juniors whose club has more than one team in the same grade. This does not apply to juniors playing in the ATCA Senior Competition.

C7. PLAYING UNDER AN ASSUMED NAME

No player may play under an assumed name. In each match in which a player plays under an assumed name the opponents of the offending team shall be in receipt of a forfeit from the offending team. The offending team may lose all match and incentive points it has received for the season.

C8. JUNIOR SECTION (U15 and U17)

All new registrations are subjected to the association on request produce proof of the player's date of birth. Any Club playing over-age players without the permission of the permit Sub-Committee shall be fined \$50.00. The Junior Section shall comprise those teams whose members are under, an age specified by the Association for that chosen age group; - as at the 1st July in the current season.

PART D. PLAYING CONDITIONS

D1. LAWS OF CRICKET TO APPLY

Subject to these By-Laws, all matches shall be played in accordance with the Laws of Cricket as recognised from time to time by the Cricket Australia or as modified by the ATCA Board of Management, and experimental laws as ratified by the Board of Management.

- (a) Prior to tossing for the choice of innings, both Captains shall exchange a completed and signed team-sheet unambiguously detailing the names, initials of all players in the team, and indicate any underage players in their side.
- (b) Both captains after exchanging the team sheets will pass them to the umpires who will note any underage players listed and then pass on the sheets to the respective scorers.
- (c) In the event of a failure to do so, the team responsible shall be liable to a fine of \$10.00 at the discretion of the Board of Management.
- (d) In the Limited Over Competition, the coin toss must take place at least 15 minutes prior to the scheduled commencement of play irrespective of the captains presence. Failure to do so will result in a fine not exceeding \$100
- (e) Where sub junior or school games are played on a wicket that is then used for any scheduled afternoon match the clubs need to have the ability to remark the front crease line if so directed by the umpire or face a fine not exceeding \$100

Comment:

(U17 Grade captains must indicate if team contains any players who are U15 as bowling restrictions apply.

D2. DURATION OF MATCHES

Unless otherwise authorised by the Board of Management, all matches in the minor round of all grades shall be played on Two Days or on One Day

D3. PLAYING HOURS - TWO DAY MATCHES

Unless otherwise authorised by the Board of Management, scheduled playing hours in any two day match shall be:

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>(a) Senior Sections</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">(i) Minor Round:
Grades – A1 Premier Grade to B3</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">All Other Grades:</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">(ii) Final round:
Grades A1 Premier Grade to B3</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">All other Senior Two Day Grades</p> | <p>1.00 pm to 6.00 pm with an afternoon tea adjournment from 3.20 pm to 3.40 pm</p> <p>1.00 pm to 5.30 pm with an afternoon tea adjournment from 3.05 pm to 3.25 pm</p> <p>12.30 pm to 5.30 pm with an afternoon tea adjournment from 2.50 pm to 3.10pm</p> <p>1.00pm to 5.30pm with an afternoon tea adjournment from 3.05pm to 3.25pm</p> |
| <p>(b) Junior Section</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">(i) Minor Round and Final Round:
Grade Under 17</p> <p style="margin-left: 100px;">Grade Under 15</p> | <p>1.00pm to 5.30pm with an afternoon tea adjournment from 3.05pm to 3.25pm</p> <p>1.00pm to 5.00pm with an afternoon tea adjournment from 2.50pm to 3.10pm</p> |

Provided that in any two day match, if an innings is terminated within 15 minutes of the time for the afternoon tea adjournment, the adjournment shall then be taken. If lost time means no play takes place within 30 minutes of the scheduled tea adjournment, then no tea adjournment shall be taken

NOTE: Provisions of Law 11.7 do not apply and the tea adjournment will be taken at the specified time subject to the conditions contained in this By-Law.

- (d) In all Minor Round matches on any day outside daylight saving periods, the playing hours shall be moved forward by 30 minutes.
- (c) Drink breaks A1 Premier to B3 — in normal conditions drinks shall be taken at 2.10pm and 4.50pm.

D4. PLAYING HOURS - ONE DAY MATCHES (Two Day Competition)

Unless otherwise authorised by the Board of Management the scheduled playing hours in any one day match shall be:-

- (a) Senior Sections.
 - i. Minor Round: A1 to A3 Grades 12.30pm to 6.00pm
 - ii. Minor Round: All other Senior Grades 1.00pm to 6.00pm
 - iii. Final Round: All Senior Grades 10.30 am to 5.20 pm
- (b) Junior Section:
 - i. Minor Round: U15 12.30pm to 5.15pm
 - ii. Minor Round: U17 12.30pm to 6.00pm
 - iii. Final Round: U15 and U17 as per Special Conditions (see website-bylaws page)
- (c) In all minor round matches on any day outside daylight saving periods playing hours shall be moved forward by 30 minutes.
In any one day match in the Minor Round and Final Round the first interval between innings shall be of 20 minutes duration, which shall be deemed to be the tea interval.

D5. PLAYING HOURS - VARIATION

In all matches, if for any reason play does not begin at the appointed time, the procedure laid down in By-Law D7 for the extension of playing hours shall apply.

Play must continue until the scheduled closing time unless:-

- (a) An outright result has been reached.
- (b) Play has been abandoned for the day on account of unfitness of the ground, weather or light or, if play in a scheduled two day competition has not commenced within ninety (90) minutes of the scheduled time for A1 Premier, A2, A3, B1, B2 or B3 or sixty (60) minutes for all other two day grades including U15 and U17 grades, the days play shall be abandoned.
- (c) Both captains agree that no further result can be achieved, in which case stumps may be drawn earlier than the scheduled hour for completion of play but not more than one (1) hour earlier.
- (d) In the event of an innings closing within an hour of the finishing time of the final day of the match then the umpire's shall bring together the captains to ascertain their wishes under this By-Law.

NOTE: This By-Law will prohibit any declaration which has the effect of making play for the remainder of the day impractical by bringing into account the 10 minutes interval allowed between innings and to that extent the right of captains under By-Law D11 to declare at any time will not apply.

D6. INCLEMENT WEATHER - ATTENDANCE AT GROUND/HEAT POLICY

(a) WET WEATHER

In the event of wet weather the Emergency Committee is empowered, after inspection of various grounds, to call off play for the day in any or all matches. The Executive Officer at his discretion may not abandon games where Clubs have notified the Executive Officer in writing prior to the commencement of the season that club covers are available for use as per Bylaw D38. Such a decision shall be announced over the ATCA website and will be available on 1900 950 598 by 10.00am on day of the match.

On all other occasions when play may be in doubt due to wet weather (on 1st or 2nd day) teams and umpires shall attend the scheduled grounds. In all cases, the fitness of the pitch, ground, weather or light shall be decided by the umpires acting in accordance with Law 7.2 of the laws of cricket.

After inspections, play may be abandoned for the day if at the time it is considered not possible to commence play due to the conditions prevailing. If in the opinion of the umpires, play would cause damage to the pitch area and seriously affect the pitch area, they should not allow play until such damage is unlikely to occur. In this respect the right of the Captains to agree to play in unfit conditions as provided in Law 3.8 shall not apply.

Any dispute which arises in regard to the fitness of play due to unfavorable weather conditions shall be resolved by the captains (manager/coach for U/15 grades) where no official umpires, ATCA Executive Officer or his nominee, are present. The ATCA Executive Officer or his nominee shall have the same power as an umpire to act on the fitness of play.

If the captains (manager/coach for U/15 grades) cannot come to an agreement over the commencement or re-commencement of play where no official umpires, ATCA Executive Officer or his nominee are present the players of both teams shall remain at the ground until the scheduled time for cessation of play.

Note:

Other than the ATCA making the decision to abandoned play the home club can only call the game off if:

- i. They first contact the ATCA via email, text or phone explaining the reasons behind the games abandonment. The ATCA will then either manage the process or request the home club to contact the visiting club.
- ii. If the visiting club elect to accept the decision of the home club, both clubs will be required to ratify its decision with the ATCA via email, text or phone, the decision is not valid until the ATCA both receives then ratifies the decision
- iii. If the visiting club chose to query the home clubs request, will mean both teams are required to attend the ground where an assessment on the ground can be made by both captains in the absence of umpires.
- iv. On match day If the visiting club chooses to make a report to the ATCA it will first make sure it has at least 8 players present at the ground before they contact the ATCA Executive Officer by mobile phone. The Executive Officer will then instruct the clubs if any further action is required
- v. Where both clubs agree to abandoned the game the Executive Officer will be responsible for contacting the umpires

b) EXCESSIVE HEAT - HEAT POLICY SENIOR COMPETITION

- i. The ATCA Heat Policy as it relates to the senior competition is implemented when the forecast temperature of the day is recorded at 40 degrees or greater. Play will proceed with restrictions as set out below in the **A1 Premier to B1** Grades and in relation to all other senior grades play will be cancelled for the day.
- ii. Complete abandonment of the competition will take place at 42 degrees.
- iii. **Special Heat Policy Conditions For Juniors Playing in Senior Competition**
Junior players under the age of 15 as of September 1st in the current season are **Not Allowed** to play in the senior competition if the forecasted temperature for Adelaide is recorded as 38 degrees or more. If this rule is enacted on Day 2 of the senior match teams with U/15 players will not be able field those players. A 12th may be used only in the role of a substitute player.
- iv. Junior players over the age of 15 but under the age of 17 as of September 1st in the current season are allowed to play senior cricket in instances where the forecasted temperature for Adelaide is recorded as 38 degrees as long as the ATCA has received written consent of their parent/guardian and the club secretary prior to the scheduled start of play.
- v. **Special Two Day Playing Conditions**

If the heat policy is implemented on Day 1 of the match the following will apply:

72 overs in lieu of 80 overs.

Playing times remain as scheduled with the introduction of a 30 minute tea break.

There is available a maximum of 72 overs to be bowled on the day at which time if the team batting first is not dismissed then the innings will be compulsory closed. If the innings of the team batting first is terminated prior to the receipt of 72 overs then the second team after the deduction of 3 overs for the changeover shall receive the remainder of the quota of overs left in the day and stumps will then be drawn.

If the heat policy is implemented on Day 2 the same conditions apply.

Example # 1

Day 1: Team A dismissed after 59 overs

Team B faces 10 overs (13 minus 3 for change over)

Day 2: Team B is entitled to receive a maximum of 72 overs

Team B dismissed after 40 overs

Team A entitled to receive a maximum of 29 overs (32 minus 3 for changeover)

If the heat policy is enacted on Day 1 but Day 2 proceeds under normal playing conditions then the second team is only entitled to receive a maximum of 72 overs at which time if not dismissed the innings will be compulsory closed. The second innings of the match will continue using two day rules with the tea break remaining at 20 minutes.

Example # 1

Day 1: Team A bats its 72 overs without being dismissed innings compulsory closed

Day 2: Team B entitled to a maximum of 72 overs after which time innings compulsory closed

Team A may commence its 2nd innings subject on time remaining using the over calculator

Example # 2

Day 1: Team A dismissed after 65 overs

Team B faces 4 overs (7 minus 3 for change over)

Day 2: Team B entitled to 72 overs after which if not dismissed innings compulsory closed.

Team A may commence its 2nd innings subject to time remaining using the over calculator

If the match was played under normal conditions on Day 1 and the heat policy is enacted on Day 2 then conditions of play will remain but there will be no second innings with stumps being drawn at the conclusion of the second teams first innings. Common sense will need to apply as it relates to over rates and strict observance of the scheduled finish time.

Example # 1

Day 1: Team A bats 80 overs without being dismissed innings compulsory closed

Day 2: Team B entitled to a maximum of 80 overs

Upon Team B being dismissed or batting out the day match reaches its conclusion as there is No second innings available

Example # 2

Day 1: Team A dismissed after 64 overs

Team B after calculating time remaining using over calculator is entitled to receive 8 overs.

Day 2: Team B entitled to a minimum of 80 overs

Team B dismissed after 65 overs then stumps are drawn as there is no 2nd innings available

Example # 3

Day 1: Team A dismissed after 72 overs and Team B applies 6 over rule

Day 2: Team B entitled to a maximum of 80 overs and upon either the completion of the 80 overs or being dismissed then stumps are called as no second innings available

Note Bylaw D9. (1) (i) the six over rule does not apply on days where the heat policy is activated.

One Day Games

A1 to A3 grade 80 overs in lieu of 100 – 40 overs per side

B1 Grade will remain as 40 overs per side

There will be no second innings but each team is entitled to receive its full quota of overs.

Playing Conditions:

Fielding restrictions remain with the following variations:

- (i) At the instant of delivery there will be no more than 5 fieldsmen on the leg side
- (ii) For the first 12 overs only two fieldsmen are permitted to be outside the field restriction marking zone at the instant of delivery. For the remaining overs only 5 fieldsmen are permitted to be outside the field restriction marking at the instant of delivery.
- (iii) In the first 12 overs there shall be two stationary fieldsmen within 15 yards of the striker at the instant of delivery.

Bowling restrictions:

A maximum of 9 overs per bowler

Playing times become 12.00 pm to 6.20 pm with a break of 20 minutes between innings.

Notification of the implementation of the Heat Policy will be available on the recorded message service from 9.00 am on the morning of the game.

Important Note

The ATCA does not compel an individual to participate in any sanctioned match; it's their own personal choice/decision. Clubs and Players are encouraged to reference the SACA Affiliates and Club Protection Policy (section 4.6) and Extreme Heat Guide available on the ATCA website (ATCA Policies Page) highlighting important guidelines for clubs and individuals

D7. LATE START / PRACTICE ON THE FIELD

- (1) If for any reason other than light or weather conditions', play does not begin at the scheduled time for commencement of the day's play the umpires shall allow play to continue, until 7.00pm during daylight saving time or 6.30pm during standard time, after the scheduled finishing time to make up the time so lost.
- (2) At no time on any playing day shall there be any bowling or batting practice on the pitch nor on any part of the square or the area immediately adjacent to the match pitch. No practice on the ground will be permitted in the ten minutes immediately prior to play commencing. No Over or Score penalty shall apply for teams contravening this rule.
- (3) The Provisions of Law 9.1.1 the rolling of the wicket on a Match Day between innings is not permitted if the change of innings takes place during the days play

D8. PRESCRIBED NUMBER OF OVERS - PENALTIES

In the ATCA, "the prescribed objective minimum number of overs" means:-
Where the scheduled playing hours are:-

SENIORS	OVERS
12.30p.m. - 5.30p.m. (A1 to B3)	80
1.00 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. (A1 to B3)	80
1.00 p.m. - 5.30 p.m. (C1 to C3)	72
JUNIORS	OVERS
1.00 p.m. - 5.00 p.m. (U15)	60
1.00 p.m. - 5.30 p.m. (U17)	72

There shall be a penalty of 0.2 incentive points deducted for each complete over not bowled by the scheduled time for completion of play in A1 Premier Grade, A.2 and A3 grades and the Under 17 grades. Play shall continue until the quota has been bowled except when other conditions of these bylaws, specifically D9 and D19 apply. The penalty shall also apply on the second day when the team batting second is entitled to receive a quota of overs.

This penalty applies to any innings undertaken in the match where a quota of overs is required to be bowled.

In the event of loss of time due to injury or other unforeseen circumstances the scheduled time for completion of play shall be extended by the amount of time lost for the purpose of determining whether the quota has been bowled by the scheduled time for completion of play.

In the event a team is dismissed after the scheduled close of play any over penalty will be based on the number of overs the fielding team is short of its mandatory quota at the scheduled close of play

D9. (1) BATTING TIMES - TWO DAY MATCHES – A1 PREMIER TO B3 GRADES

- (a) In the first innings, the team batting first shall, unless the innings is terminated beforehand, bat until it has received the minimum number of overs applicable to its grade on the first day (even if play extends beyond the scheduled finishing time). When the first innings of the team batting first is compulsorily closed, the team batting second shall receive in its first innings (unless the innings is terminated beforehand), the same number of overs as the team which batted first received, at which time the innings shall be compulsorily closed.
- (b) All over calculations referred to in this By-Law shall use a standard time to complete an over of 3.5 minutes. The calculations will commence by calculating the remaining time (in minutes) to the scheduled (or delayed in the case of weather interruptions) finishing time, after allowing for any intervals. The resulting number of minutes will be divided by 3.5 to calculate the minimum number of overs to be bowled to complete the day's play. A new calculation will be made only after more than 60 minutes playing time has been lost in accordance with (c) or at the beginning of a new innings.
- (c) Should any time be lost due to an interruption on any day, up to one hour of lost time can be made up even if such interruption occurs after the scheduled finishing time, however in normal circumstances play shall not continue later than 7.00pm during daylight savings time or 6.30pm during standard time. In these circumstances, the afternoon tea adjournment shall be taken at the midpoint of the new starting and finishing times.
- (d) If, in the circumstances described in (c) above, the side batting first has not completed its first innings and the minimum objective number of overs has not been bowled, then play shall cease at the scheduled finishing time. The total number of overs bowled on the first day shall be added to the minimum number of overs for the second day from which 3 overs shall be deducted for the change of innings - the total remaining being divided by 2 to decide the quota of overs for each innings.

Unless

on the second day of play if the team batting first's first innings is terminated before its quota of overs are completed then the team batting second shall be entitled to the greater of its first inning quota of overs or the calculated number of overs available till the scheduled finishing time.

- (e) On the first day of a two day match stumps will be drawn upon the completion of the minimum objective of overs, unless the team batting first has been dismissed at which time the remaining overs for the day will be calculated.

Example #1

Team A batting first completes its 72/80 overs without being dismissed - Stumps are drawn.

Team B is therefore only entitled to receive 72/80 overs on the second day and if either completes or is dismissed prior to completion of the scheduled close of play then Team A may commence its second innings using the overs calculator regarding overs remaining.

Example #2

Team A batting first is dismissed prior to completion of 72/80 overs and time remains before the scheduled close of play then the innings of Team B commences using the overs calculator regarding minimum number of overs to be bowled.

Team B is also entitled to receive at least 72/80 overs on the second day of the match as play must continue until the scheduled close of play

Unless

If Team B exercises its option not to bat under bylaw D9 (1) (j) (6 over rule) then it is only entitled to receive a maximum of 72/80 overs on the second day at which point its innings will be compulsorily closed. However play shall continue until the scheduled close of play and if time remains then Team A may commence its second innings using overs calculator regarding minimum number of overs.

- (f) If a result has not been achieved and the minimum number of overs is not completed on the second day of the match, then the match shall be drawn.
- (g) The team leading on its first innings after both sides have batted and their innings have been either compulsorily closed or terminated before the minimum number of overs shall be the winner on the first innings. If the team batting second has not received its calculated minimum number of overs, and it has scored less runs than the team batting first, then the match will be drawn.
- (h) Where no play is possible on the first day the game will be played as a one day match (By-Law D9 (2)) and captains will toss again.
- (i) Judging a Wide – Negative bowling outside the Leg Stump. **A1 Premier to A3 Grades Only.** Where the Bowler's end Umpire considers a bowler to be bowling outside the leg stump as a negative tactic he will apply the strict "Limited Over Competition Wide interpretation"
- (j) On the first day (First Innings Only) of a two day match if:
The side batting first (Team A) is dismissed prior to completion of its over quota and the time remaining before the scheduled finishing time results in (31 minutes) six overs or less being required to be bowled Then the fielding side (Team B) has the right to forfeit receipt of those overs and stumps will be drawn. Upon Team B choosing to forfeit receipt of those overs it is only entitled to receive 72/80 overs on the second day.

D9. (2) BATTING TIMES - ONE DAY MATCHES – A1 PREMIER GRADE TO A3 GRADE

- a) The playing hours in One Day matches shall be those stipulated by By-Law D4.
 - (i) An interval of 20 minutes shall be taken at the conclusion of the innings of the team batting first, which shall be deemed the Tea break.
 - (ii) During the Minor Round each team shall be entitled to receive: 40 overs each for A1 to A3 Grades. However, during the Major Round (Finals) teams are entitled receive 50 overs in all matches across all Grades. If the innings of the team batting first is terminated prior to receiving its full quota of overs, the team batting second is still entitled to receive its full quota of overs irrespective of the fact that a result may have already been achieved. Upon both sides completing its first innings stumps will be drawn.
 - (iii) No bowler shall bowl more than; 9 overs out of an innings of 40 overs, or 10 overs out of an innings of 50 overs
 - (iv) In the event of either team failing to bowl its 40 overs in 2 hours 35 minutes, there shall be a penalty of 0.2 incentive points deducted for each over not bowled by the scheduled time for completion of the innings. The overs are still required to be bowled. No bonus incentive points for completing overs in less time shall apply.
 - (v) To avoid the imposition of a penalty as outlined in (iv) above, the time available for the bowling team to complete the number of overs necessary shall be increased by the total of all time lost for stoppages due to exceptional circumstances, which, in the opinion of the umpires, are beyond the control of the fielding team.
 - (vi) Each team shall be entitled to receive in its first innings the allocation of overs applicable to the match (unless the innings is earlier completed or terminated beforehand), and if on completion of the allocation the innings has not been completed, it shall be compulsorily closed. Play may continue beyond the scheduled time for the conclusion of the match, if required, to allow the team batting second to receive its allocation of overs. However play shall not continue later than 7.00pm during daylight savings time or 6.30pm during standard time
- (b) LOST TIME
 - (i) If the commencement of play is delayed due to pitch, ground, weather or light conditions, the total playing time, in minutes, remaining until the scheduled time for conclusion of play (after allowing for any scheduled intervals) shall be divided by 4 and the resultant nearest higher even number shall become the quota of overs for the match. Each team shall receive half of the quota in its first innings.
 - (ii) If the umpires deem that no play is possible by 2.30pm the match shall be abandoned.
 - (iii) A result can only be achieved if both teams have batted for at least 20 overs, unless one team has been dismissed in less than 20 overs, or the team batting second scores more runs in less than 20 overs.

- (iv) In a minor round match where the numbers of overs are reduced in order to recalculate the number of overs per bowler you must ensure the 5th bowler bowls a minimum of 4 overs. Subtract 4 overs from the total overs, divide the remainder by 4. If this results in an uneven number of overs then the remaining overs can be applied to the 4 other bowlers as below example

Example #1:

Match commences with 33 overs to be played in each innings

33 over game minus 4 overs (5th bowler) = 29 overs.

29 overs divided by 4 = 7.25 overs per bowler (the overs will be determined as follows)

1 bowlers x 8 overs maximum

3 bowlers x 7 overs maximum

1 bowler x 4 overs

- (v) In a major round match where the number of overs is reduced, no bowler shall bowl more than one fifth of the total overs allowed, except that, where the total overs are not divisible by five (5), an additional over shall be allowed to the minimum number of bowlers needed to make up the balance.

Example#2

Match commences with 33 overs to be played in each innings.

Limit per bowler is 7 overs (for any 3 bowlers), 6 overs for others.

- (vi) In the event of a bowler completing an over commenced by a different bowler, such part over shall count as a full over for each in so far as this limit is concerned.
- (vii) In any match where a reduction of overs has occurred both teams shall be entitled to the same individual allocation of overs for its bowlers.
- (viii) In order to fulfil the requirements of this bylaw, play may continue beyond normal hours, light and weather permitting, but if the match is interrupted by light or weather after the commencement of play then both teams are still entitled to receive their allocated overs as determined before the commencement of play unless dismissed prior. No recalculation of overs is permissible once play has commenced.

Note:

In the situation where the team batting 2nd may face the possibility of not receiving the full quota of overs its entitled, the umpires are instructed to strictly observe the requirement for overs to be bowled within the required time frame of 4 minutes per over to limit the chance of teams using go slow tactics.

In such situations umpires may apply penalties for slow over rates as per bylaw D8. Captains are reminded to strictly adhere to the Code of Conduct (5. Laws of Cricket and Spirit of the Game) in regards to time wasting

- (ix) In the case of the team batting second not being the winner and having not concluded its first innings but having been prevented by pitch, ground, weather or light conditions, and/or any other suspension of play, from receiving its allocation of overs, the match shall be drawn.
- (c) NO BALL (Short Pitched)
If either umpire considers that the ball passes, or would have passed, over-head height of the striker standing upright at the crease, he/she shall call and signal "No Ball".
- (d) WIDE BALL - Judging a Wide
 - (i) Umpires are instructed to apply a strict and consistent interpretation to this law in order to prevent negative bowling wide of the wicket.
 - (ii) Any offside or leg side delivery which in the opinion of the umpire does not give the batsman a reasonable opportunity to score shall be called wide.
 - (iii) In relation to the off-side any delivery outside the Off Side Wide Line, provided he/she maintains a normal batting position and has not brought the ball within reach, shall be called a wide.
 - (iv) Any delivery that passes outside the return crease will automatically be called a wide.
 - (v) A ball landing clearly outside the leg stump going further away should be called wide
 - (vi) The above provisions do not apply if the striker makes contact with the ball.

Note:

Clubs must ensure that lines are drawn in the batting boxes at both ends of the pitch in the following manner, A line (approx. ¾ inch wide) shall be drawn in the batting boxes at each end of the pitch (1 foot 4 inches from the inside edge of the return crease) and each shall be at right angles from the bowling crease and shall continue to meet the popping crease at right angles. The use of the lines is to assist the umpires in their interpretation of the "call of wide" on the off side of the wicket only.

- (e) FIELD RESTRICTIONS - A1 PREMIER GRADE TO A3 GRADE

- (i) Two semi-circles are to be drawn on the field of play. The semi-circles have as their centre the middle stump at either end of the pitch. The radius of each of the semi-circles is 30 yards (27.4 metres). The ends of each semi-circle are joined to the other by a straight line drawn on the field on the same side of the pitch.

- (ii) Where no such markings have been drawn the proximity of same shall be decided by the umpires. Any club failing to provide such markings shall be liable for a minimum fine of \$100.
- (iii) At the instant of delivery, there may be no more than five fieldsmen on the leg side
- (iv) In regards to 40 over matches (**Minor Round**) for the first 10 overs only two fieldsmen are permitted to be outside the field restriction marking at the instance of delivery. For the remaining overs only 5 fieldsmen are permitted to be outside the field restriction marking.
- (v) In regards to 50 over matches (**Major Round**) for the first 15 overs only two fieldsmen are permitted to be outside the field restriction marking at the instant of delivery. For the remaining overs only five fieldsmen are permitted to be outside the field restriction marking.
- (vi) In the event of an infringement of the above, either umpire shall call and signal "No Ball".

D9.(3) BATTING TIMES - TWO DAY MATCHES - OTHER TWO DAY GRADES

- (a) Under normal circumstances (where no play is lost due to interruptions) no match in the C1 to C3 Grades shall continue past 5.45pm during daylight savings time
If the minimum objective of overs has not been completed by this time there shall be a penalty of 0.2 incentive points deducted for each complete over not bowled.
If the first innings of the team batting first has not been completed it shall then be compulsorily closed at the above mentioned time.
Where play is lost due to interruptions please refer to By-Law D9 (3) (c)
If the side batting first has had its innings compulsorily closed the side batting second is entitled to receive the same number of overs as the team batting first and play shall continue until said allocation is bowled, unless the circumstances described in D9 (3) (j) occur.
If the team bowling second has not achieved its minimum objective of overs by the imposed time limit then a penalty of 0.2 incentive points shall be deducted for each complete over not bowled by the bowling side.
- (b) In the first innings, the team batting first shall, unless the innings is terminated beforehand, bat until it has received the minimum number of overs applicable to its grade on the first day (even if play extends beyond the scheduled finishing time). When the first innings of the team batting first is compulsorily closed, the team batting second shall receive in its first innings (unless the innings is terminated beforehand), the same number of overs as the team which batted first received, at which time the innings shall be compulsorily closed.
- (c) All over calculations referred to in this By-Law shall use a standard time to complete an over of 3.5 minutes. The calculations will commence by calculating the remaining time (in minutes) to the scheduled (or delayed in the case of weather interruptions) finishing time, after allowing for any intervals. The resulting number of minutes will be divided by 3.5 to calculate the minimum number of overs to be bowled to complete the day's play. A new calculation will be made only after more than 60 minutes playing time has been lost in accordance with (d) or at the beginning of a new innings.
- (d) Should any time be lost due to an interruption on any day, up to one hour of last time can be made up even if such interruption occurs after the scheduled finishing time, however in normal circumstances play shall not continue later than 6.30pm during daylight savings time or 6.00pm during standard time. In these circumstances, the afternoon tea adjournment shall be taken at the midpoint of the new starting and finishing times.
- (e) If, in the circumstances described in (c) above, the side batting first has not completed its first innings and the minimum objective numbers of overs has not been bowled, then play shall cease at the scheduled finishing time. The total number of overs bowled on the first day shall be added to the minimum number of overs for the second day from which 3 overs shall be deducted for the change of innings - the total remaining being divided by 2 to decide the quota of overs for each innings.
Unless
on the second day of play if the team batting first's first innings is terminated before its quota of overs are completed then the team batting second shall be entitled to the greater of its first inning quota of overs or the calculated number of overs available till the scheduled finishing time.
- (f) On the first day of a two day match stumps will be drawn upon the completion of the minimum objective of overs, unless the team batting first has been dismissed at which time the remaining overs for the day will be calculated.

Example #1

Team A batting first completes its 72/80 overs without being dismissed - Stumps are drawn.

Team B is therefore only entitled to receive 72/80 overs on the second day and if either completes or is dismissed prior to completion of the scheduled close of play then Team A may commence its second innings using the overs calculator regarding overs remaining.

Example #2

Team A batting first is dismissed prior to completion of 72/80 overs and time remains before the scheduled close of play time then the innings of Team B commences using the overs calculator regarding minimum number of overs to be bowled.

Team B is also entitled to receive at least 72/80 overs on the second day of the match as play must continue until the scheduled close of play

Unless

If Team B exercises its option not to bat under bylaw D9 (1) (j) (6 over rule) then it is only entitled to receive a maximum of 72/80 overs on the second day at which point its innings will be compulsorily closed. However play shall continue until the scheduled close of play and if time remains then Team A may commence its second innings using overs calculator regarding minimum number of overs.

- (g) If a result has not been achieved and the minimum number of overs is not completed on the second day of the match, then the match shall be drawn.
- (h) The team leading on its first innings after both sides have batted and their innings have been either compulsorily closed or terminated before the minimum number of overs shall be the winner on the first innings. If the team batting second has not received its calculated minimum number of overs, and it has scored less runs than the team batting first, then the match will be drawn.
- (i) Where no play is possible on the first day the game will be played as a one day match (By-Law D9 (4)) and captains will toss again.
- (j) On the first day (First Innings Only) of a two day match if:
The side batting first (Team A) is dismissed prior to completion of its over quota and the time remaining before the scheduled finishing time results in (31 minutes) six overs or less being required to be bowled Then the fielding side (Team B) has the right to forfeit receipt of those overs and stumps will be drawn. Upon Team B choosing to forfeit receipt of those overs it is only entitled to receive 72/80 overs on the second day.

D9. (4) BATTING TIMES - ONE DAY MATCHES - OTHER TWO DAY GRADES (B1 to C3)

- (a) The playing hours in One Day matches shall be those stipulated by By-Law D4.
 - (i) An interval of 20 minutes shall be taken at the conclusion of the innings of the team batting first, which shall be deemed the Tea break.
 - (ii) During the Minor Round each team shall be entitled to receive:40 overs each for B1 to C3 Grades. However, during the Major Round (Finals) teams are entitled receive 50 overs in all matches across all Grades. If the innings of the team batting first is terminated prior to receiving its full quota of overs, the team batting second is still entitled to receive its full quota of overs irrespective of the fact that a result may have already been achieved. Upon both sides completing its first innings stumps will be drawn.
 - (iii) No bowler shall bowl more than; 9 overs out of an innings of 40 overs, or 10 overs out of an innings of 50 overs
 - (iv) Each team shall be entitled to receive in its first innings the allocation of overs applicable to the match (unless the innings is earlier completed or terminated beforehand), and if on completion of the allocation the innings has not been completed, it shall be compulsorily closed. Play may continue beyond the scheduled time for the conclusion of the match, if required, to allow the team batting second to receive its allocation of overs. However play shall not continue later than 7.00pm during daylight savings time or 6.30pm during standard time
- (b) LOST TIME
 - (i) If the commencement of play is delayed due to pitch, ground, weather or light conditions, the total playing time, in minutes, remaining until the scheduled time for conclusion of play (after allowing for any scheduled intervals) shall be divided by 3.5 and the resultant nearest higher even number shall become the quota of overs for the match. Each team shall receive half of the quota in its first innings.
 - (ii) If the umpires deem that no play is possible by 3.00pm the match shall be abandoned.
 - (iii) A result can only be achieved if both teams have batted for at least 20 overs, unless one team has been dismissed in less than 20 overs, or the team batting second scores more runs in less than 20 overs.
 - (iv) In a minor round match where the numbers of overs are reduced in order to recalculate the number of overs per bowler you must ensure the 5th bowler bowls a minimum of 4 overs. Subtract 4 overs from the total overs, divide the remainder by 4. If this results in an uneven number of overs then the remaining overs can be applied to the 4 other bowlers as below example

Example #1:

Match commences with 33 overs to be played in each innings

33 over game minus 4 overs (5th bowler) = 29 overs.

29 overs divided by 4 = 7.25 overs per bowler (the overs will be determined as follows)

1 bowlers x 8 overs maximum

3 bowlers x 7 overs maximum

1 bowler x 4 overs

- (v) In a major round match where the number of overs is reduced, no bowler shall bowl more than one fifth of the total overs allowed, except that, where the total overs are not divisible by five (5), an additional over shall be allowed to the minimum number of bowlers needed to make up the balance.

Example#2

Match commences with 33 overs to be played in each innings.

Limit per bowler is 7 overs (for any 3 bowlers), 6 overs for others.

- (vi) In the event of a bowler completing an over commenced by a different bowler, such part over shall count as a full over for each in so far as this limit is concerned.
- (vii) In any match where a reduction of overs has occurred both teams shall be entitled to the same individual allocation of overs for its bowlers
- (viii) In order to fulfil the requirements of this bylaw, play may continue beyond normal hours, light and weather permitting, but if the match is interrupted by light or weather after the commencement of play then both teams are still entitled to receive their allocated overs as determined before the commencement of play unless dismissed prior. No recalculation of overs is permissible once play has commenced.

Note:

In the situation where the team batting 2nd may face the possibility of not receiving the full quota of overs its entitled, the umpires are instructed to strictly observe the requirement for overs to be bowled within the required time frame of 3.5 minutes per over to limit the chance of teams using go slow tactics.

In such situations umpires may apply penalties for slow over rates as per bylaw D8. Captains are reminded to strictly adhere to the Code of Conduct (5. Laws of Cricket and Spirit of the Game) in regards to time wasting

- (ix) In the case of the team batting second not being the winner and having not concluded its first innings but having been prevented by pitch, ground, weather or light conditions, and/or any other suspension of play, from receiving its allocation of overs, the match shall be drawn.
- (c) **NO BALL (Short Pitched)**
If either umpire considers that the ball passes, or would have passed, over-head height of the striker standing upright at the crease, he/she shall call and signal "No Ball".
- (d) **WIDE BALL - Judging a Wide**
 - (i) Umpires are instructed to apply a strict and consistent interpretation to this law in order to prevent negative bowling wide of the wicket.
 - (ii) Any offside or leg side delivery which in the opinion of the umpire does not give the batsman a reasonable opportunity to score shall be called wide.
 - (iii) In relation to the off-side any delivery outside the Off Side Wide Line, provided he/she maintains a normal batting position and has not brought the ball within reach, shall be called a wide.
 - (iv) Any delivery that passes outside the return crease will automatically be called a wide.
 - (v) A ball landing clearly outside the leg stump going further away should be called wide
 - (vi) The above provisions do not apply if the striker makes contact with the ball.

Note:

Clubs must ensure that lines are drawn in the batting boxes at both ends of the pitch in the following manner, A line (approx. ¾ inch wide) shall be drawn in the batting boxes at each end of the pitch (1 foot 4 inches from the inside edge of the return crease) and each shall be at right angles from the bowling crease and shall continue to meet the popping crease at right angles. The use of the lines is to assist the umpires in their interpretation of the "call of wide" on the off side of the wicket only.

- (e) **FIELD RESTRICTIONS - B1 GRADE TO C3 GRADE**
 - (i) In regards to 40 over matches (**Minor Round**) No fielding restrictions apply
 - (ii) In regards to 50 over matches (**Major Round**) the following fielding restrictions apply
 - (iii) Two semi-circles are to be drawn on the field of play. The semi-circles have as their centre the middle stump at either end of the pitch. The radius of each of the semi-circles is 30 yards (27.4 metres). The ends of each semi-circle are joined to the other by a straight line drawn on the field on the same side of the pitch.
 - (iv) Where no such markings have been drawn the proximity of same shall be decided by the umpires. Any club failing to provide such markings shall be liable for a minimum fine of \$100.
 - (v) At the instant of delivery, there may be no more than five fieldsmen on the leg side

- (vi) For the first 15 overs only two fieldsmen are permitted to be outside the field restriction marking at the instant of delivery. For the remaining overs only five fieldsmen are permitted to be outside the field restriction marking at the instant of delivery.

- (vii) In the event of an infringement of the above, either umpire shall call and signal "No Ball"

Comment:

In relation to one day matches recalculation of overs as a result of time lost only applies at the commencement of the days play. Overs are not recalculated as a result of any time lost during the innings of the team batting first.

D10. DRINKS ON FIELD

- (a) Drinks shall not be taken on the field more often than once in each session of play. However, if the estimated maximum temperature for the day is more than 30°C, it shall be permissible, with the authority of the umpires obtained prior to the commencement of play for drinks to be taken twice in each session if there has not during such a session been an interval between innings, but in any case no drinks may be taken on the field within a period of forty minutes before the time fixed for an interval or for drawing stumps. Where this bylaw may inhibit the practicable timing of a drink break, such as in U/15 matches, drink breaks may be taken on the field at a time within forty minutes but not within thirty minutes of a scheduled interval or stumps.
- (b) An individual player may be given a drink either on the boundary edge or, at the fall of a wicket, on the field, provided that no playing time is wasted. No other drinks shall be taken onto the field without the permission of the umpires.
- (c) Drink breaks A1 Premier to B3 — in normal conditions drinks shall be taken at 2.10pm and 4.50pm.

D11. CLOSING AN INNINGS

- a) In the event of a Captain advising the opposing Captain during the period between the close of play on one day and ten minutes prior to the commencing hour for play on the following day, or during any interval, that he/she intends closing his/her innings, the time ordinarily allowable between innings shall not apply and play must commence at the time fixed for the commencement of resumption of play.
- b) The Compliance Committee shall have power to investigate a game or the actions of the Captains of the clubs or any players involved in a match if it suspects reasonably that the competing clubs with or without the assistance or collusion of any other person or club has colluded to contrive the result of a match. It shall also have the power to investigate such decisions/declarations that are deemed reckless in nature and which consequences seem to have limited benefit to the club making such decisions but have direct and adverse implications on the season's fortunes of other clubs.

If the Compliance Committee decides to carry out an investigation it will conduct such inquiries as it sees fit and invite submissions about the match or the conduct of either captain or any player and will give any person the opportunity to be heard.

If the Investigation Committee finds that the clubs, Captains or players have colluded to contrive the outcome of a match, the Investigation Committee may, in its absolute discretion, impose any penalty including:

- i. fine a club, Captain or player
 - ii. the loss of match and bonus points
- c) This By-Law will prohibit any declaration which has the effect of making play for the remainder of the day impractical by bringing into account the 10 minutes interval allowed between innings and to that extent the right of captains under the Laws of Cricket to declare at any time will not apply.

D12. REPLACEMENT OF PLAYERS

If a player from a SACA Grade Club, which has a team or teams in ATCA, is selected as a replacement player in an Australian or South Australian team and is currently playing in a Grade match he/she shall be replaced in the SACA match by another player.

Subsequent replacements may be made in the club's other teams including any in ATCA.

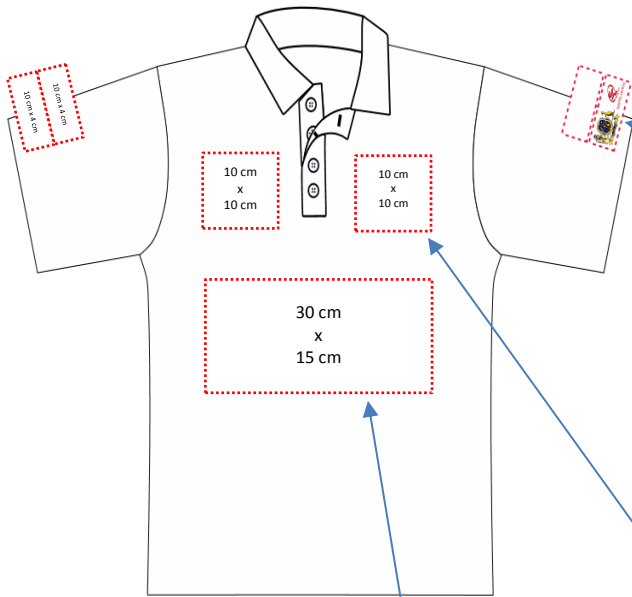
The replacement player shall complete the match then being played, with the full rights of the player originally selected provided that the replacement shall be of a similar type of player (e.g. batsman, bowler, and wicket-keeper) as the one he/she replaces and shall be approved by the Permit Committee.

Any variation of player replacement by SACA clubs that does not include representative cricket must first gain approval of the opposing captain. It is the responsibility of the SACA club to inform the Executive Officer of any such changes prior to start of play of the match in question.

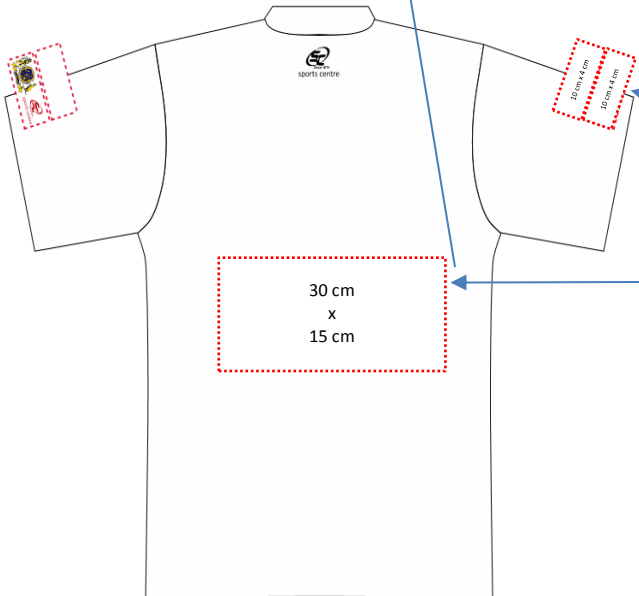
D13. DRESS

All players and umpires participating in matches arranged by the Adelaide Turf Cricket Association shall be properly attired

- 1) All member club on-field apparel must be purchased from one of the associations listed four (4) approved licensed suppliers, unless prior written approval had been sought and granted by the association.
- 2) Players' shirts with collars, trousers, socks, pullovers, hats and footwear shall be white, except as approved by the association. (Note that footwear that is predominantly white will be deemed white for the purposes of this By-Law).
- 3) Club motifs as approved by the association may be worn on pullovers, helmets and white hats (Note that hats may include a protective flap at the back and sides of the hat, provided the colour is white).
- 4) White long or short sleeve shirt with collar may bear the club motif on the left hand breast and an association approved advertising logo may be worn on the right breast. Two (2) association approved sponsorship logos may be worn on each sleeve, one of which must be the association and licensed supplier's logo as a combined logo worn on the left sleeve. One (1) association approved sponsorship logo on the back and front of shirt may also be worn. All logo's and club motifs must meet below guidelines. The size of motif must not exceed the following:
 - (i) Club Motif on left breast which bears no advertising 10cm x 10cm or equivalent cm²
 - (ii) One (1) Sponsorship logo on right breast 10cm x 10cm or equivalent cm²
 - (iii) Two (2) Sponsorship logo's on end of each sleeve 10cm x 4cm or equivalent cm²
 - (iv) One (1) Sponsorship logo on the back and front of shirts allowed and not exceed 30cm x 15cm or equivalent cm²
 - (v) Any alteration to the above dimensions must first be approved by the association
 - (vi) Any additional club monikers or club symbols that decorates the playing shirt will only be approved if deemed appropriate by the association
- 5) Any colour included in the design of the shirt will need prior approval with colour on the playing trousers limited to piping and must be the predominant club colour and first be approved by the association.
- 6) Clubs seeking approval for a new club uniform will need to provide details of the type and style of the uniform. Upon the association granting approval that shall then become the registered uniform of the club and any future changes to that uniform will require the same procedure to be followed.
- 7) Clubs who have been granted approval are required to have both first and second XI teams fully compliant in year one and within two years the whole club will need to be compliant. This does not prevent the club from having a designated uniform for a specific team within the club.
- 8) Individuals wearing shirts containing club colours shall only do so if the complete team is so attired. Any contravention of this rule will automatically result in a fine of \$25 per player not so attired.
- 9) Caps if worn, shall be the cap of the Club for which the player is participating or the representative cap of the association. It shall not display designs markings or advertising that is not directly related to the club or association
- 10) Cream clothing (shirt, pullovers, trousers and socks) shall be deemed white.
- 11) All clothing shall be worn neatly. It is recommended that player's shirts be "tucked in" at the waist at all times.
- 12) Coloured uniform's will be permitted to be worn in the T/20 competitions but any variation from the standard club uniform will first require the approval of the association
- 13) The association reserves the right to reject any new club shirt if it deems the design does not meet the guidelines specified within this bylaw
- 14) Fines for Non-Compliant Clubs
 - (i) It shall be the responsibility of Clubs to ensure that all conditions of this Bylaw are strictly adhered to. Umpires, captains and official association observers shall report all breaches of this Bylaw, including the names of offending players. All breaches of this bylaw shall incur a fine of \$25 for the Club for which the player participates, unless the Board of Management waives such fine in exceptional circumstances, on request from the Club involved.
 - (ii) Clubs in breach of clause D13 (1) will face an initial upfront fine of \$1000 with \$500 of that suspended for 12 months, in addition clubs will also forgo any rights to host any senior finals.
 - (iii) Continued Non-compliance in each remaining season over the life of the agreement will result in the \$500 suspended fine rescinded and an additional financial penalty of \$100 per team per match imposed, for both seniors and junior teams, dispensed to clubs. The loss of the right to host finals will be continued.
- 15) Approved Licenced Suppliers up to an including 2019/20 season as follows,
 - Beastwear
 - Fullhammer
 - JS Sports
 - Sportscentre



Above example is the compulsory sleeve badging which must be positioned on left sleeve as indicated on shirt



- Breast badging cannot exceed 10 cm x 10cm or 100cm²
- Sleeve badging cannot exceed 10cm x 4cm or total 40cm²
- Back and Front Badging cannot exceed 30 x 15 cm or 450cm²

D14. USE OF NEW OR SUBSTITUTED BALL

In all matches a new ball shall be used at the commencement of each innings (for types of approved balls please refer to By-Law D16) and a new ball may, at the option of the fielding side, be used after 80 overs. Provided that if in the opinion of the umpires, the ball in use becomes unfit for play, another ball which has had similar use to the one discarded shall be used. Provided that in the second innings of a match the use of a new ball shall be optional with the fielding side subject to the ball in use being, in the opinion of the umpires, fit for play.

In the event of a ball in play being lost, a ball in as like condition as possible thereto shall be substituted therefore.

D15. CUSTODY OF BALL IN USE

(a) The ball in use in an uncompleted innings shall at the termination of the day's play (except at the conclusion of a match) be taken charge of by one of the Umpires and such ball shall be used upon the resumption (if any) of such uncompleted innings. Should such a ball not be available, another ball in as like condition as possible thereto shall be used.

(b) During play, Umpires shall periodically and irregularly inspect the condition of the ball and shall retain possession of it at the fall of a wicket, a drinks interval, or during any other disruption of play.

(c) **CHANGING THE CONDITION OF THE BALL**

A Bowler placing his/her hand in the dirt or roughened area of the pitch may be asked to remove any grit from the palm before rubbing his/her hand on the ball.

D16. BALLS PERMITTED

All Senior Two Day Competition grades and Limited Over Division 1, 2, 3 and 4 shall use an A.T.C.A. approved 4 piece Kookaburra ball. All other grades may use either four or two piece ATCA approved Kookaburra cricket balls.

All matches in the Under 17 competition shall use an ATCA approved 4 piece Kookaburra Cricket Ball. All matches in the Under 15 competition shall use an ATCA approved 2 piece Kookaburra Cricket Ball.

Approved Balls are as follows:

Premier to B3	Regulation or Club Match
C1 to Limited Over Division 4	Regulation, Club Match or Senator
LO Division 5,6 etc	Tuf-Pitch Regulation, Club Match or Senator
Under 17	Regulation, Club Match, Regulation Reject or Senator
Under 15	Tuf-Pitch or Senator

All cricket balls used in the Adelaide Turf Cricket Competition **must be a genuine Kookaburra Ball and must have both Kookaburra and ATCA logo's imprinted on the ball** (unless otherwise approved by the Board of Management). Failure to do so will incur a fine of \$50 for each offence.

In the second innings of a match in either age competition, the use of a new ball shall be the option of the fielding side, subject to the ball in use being, in the opinion of the umpires, fit for play.

D17. HARDWICKETS - SURFACE MATERIAL

Unless otherwise authorised by the Board of Management all hard wicket pitches used in Association matches shall be covered with matting or other approved surface material.

D18. HARDWICKETS - PITCHING OF BALL

Any bowled ball which pitches on the edge or off the pitch shall be deemed dead. The Umpire shall call and signal wide, and a wide shall be recorded and no other extras shall be allowed.

D19. JUNIOR SECTION -

1. BATTING TIMES - TWO DAY MATCHES – JUNIOR GRADES

(a) In the first innings, the team batting first shall, unless the innings is terminated beforehand, bat until it has received at least the minimum number of overs applicable to its grade on the first day (even if play extends beyond the scheduled finishing time). When the first innings of the team batting first is compulsorily closed, the team batting second shall receive in its first innings (unless the innings is terminated beforehand), the same number of overs as the team which batted first received, at which time the innings shall be compulsorily closed.

(b) All over calculations referred to in this By-Law shall use a standard time to complete an over of 3.5 minutes. The calculations will commence by calculating the remaining time (in minutes) to the scheduled (or delayed in the case of weather interruptions) finishing time, after allowing for any intervals. The resulting number of minutes will be divided by 3.5 to calculate the minimum number of overs to be bowled to complete the day's play. A new calculation will be made only after more than 60 minutes playing time has been lost in accordance with (c) or at the beginning of a new innings.

(c) Should any time be lost due to an interruption on any day, up to one hour of lost time can be made up even if such interruption occurs after the scheduled finishing time, however in normal circumstances play shall not continue later than 6.30pm for U/17 or 6.00pm for U/15 during daylight savings time. In these circumstances, the afternoon tea adjournment shall be taken at the midpoint of the new starting and finishing times.

- (d) If, in the circumstances described in (c) above, the side batting first has not completed its first innings and the minimum objective numbers of overs has not been bowled, then play shall cease at the rescheduled finishing time. The total number of overs bowled on the first day shall be added to the minimum number of overs for the second day from which 3 overs shall be deducted for the change of innings - the total remaining being divided by 2 to decide the quota of overs for each innings.

Unless

on the second day of play if the team batting first - first innings is terminated before its quota of overs are completed then the team batting second shall be entitled to the greater of its first inning quota of overs or the calculated number of overs available till the scheduled finishing time

- (e) On the first day of a two day match stumps will be drawn upon the completion of the minimum objective of overs, unless the team batting first has been dismissed at which time the remaining overs for the day will be calculated.

Example #1

Team A batting first completes its 72/60 Overs without being dismissed - Stumps are drawn. Team B is therefore only entitled to receive 72/60 Overs on the second day and if either completes or is dismissed prior to completion of the scheduled close of play then Team A may commence its second innings using the overs calculator regarding overs remaining.

Example #2

Team A batting first is dismissed prior to completion of 72/60 overs and time remains before the scheduled close of play then the innings of Team B commences using the overs calculator regarding minimum number of overs to be bowled.

Team B is also entitled to receive at least 72/60 overs on the second day of the match as play must continue until the scheduled close of play.

Note - Stumps are not drawn upon 72/60 overs being bowled if time still remains, innings is to continue or if team B is dismissed Team A commences its second innings using overs calculator regarding minimum number of overs.

- (f) Prior to the toss of the coin, both Captains shall exchange a completed and signed team-sheet unambiguously detailing the names, initials of all players in the team, and indicate any underage players in their side.
The team sheet shall contain a maximum of 12 players. Only 11 players (not limited to the same 11) shall be permitted to bat or bowl in any innings. The captain is not required to nominate the player who will not bat or bowl in advance and may make such decisions at any time during the game. Only 11 fieldsmen may be on the field of play at any one time. Interchange of fieldsmen without restriction is permitted (provided no time is wasted) and there shall be no requirement for a bowler to be on the field for a certain length of time following interchange under this bylaw.
Both captains after exchanging the team sheets will pass them to the umpires who will note any underage players listed and then pass on the sheets to the respective scorers.
- (g) If a result has not been achieved and the minimum number of overs are not completed on the second day of the match, then the match shall be drawn.
- (h) The team leading on its first innings after both sides have batted and their innings have been either compulsorily closed or terminated before the minimum number of overs shall be the winner on the first innings. If the team batting second has not received its calculated minimum number of overs, and it has scored less runs than the team batting first, then the match will be drawn.
- (i) Where no play is possible on the first day the game will be played as a one day match (Bylaw D19 (2)) and captains will toss again.

2. BATTING TIMES - ONE DAY MATCHES - JUNIOR GRADES

- (a) The playing hours in one day matches shall be those stipulated by By-Law D4.
- (b) In the Junior Sections the maximum number of overs for each team in its first innings shall be:-
- | | | | |
|------|-------------------------------|------|----------|
| (i) | Minor and Final Round matches | U/15 | 36 overs |
| (ii) | Minor and Final Round matches | U/17 | 40 overs |

Note

If time remains at the conclusion of both teams first innings a second innings may take place. When a team's second innings commences the remaining available time in minutes divided by 3.5 becomes the minimum overs to be completed.

- (c) Each team shall be entitled to receive in its first innings the allocation of overs applicable to the match, and if on completion of the allocation of overs the innings has not been completed, it shall be compulsorily closed. Play may continue beyond the scheduled time for the conclusion of the match, if required, to allow the team batting second to receive its allocation of overs
- (d) If the commencement of the days play is delayed due to pitch, ground, weather or light conditions, the total playing time, in minutes, remaining until the scheduled time for conclusion of play (after allowing for any scheduled intervals) shall be divided by 3.5 and the resultant nearest higher even number shall become the quota of overs for the match. Each team shall receive half of the quota in its first innings.

- i. Play will be abandoned if the match has not commenced by 1.50pm for U15 competition or 2.20pm for U17 competition, but where play has been undertaken a minimum requirement of the team batting first in order to constitute a match is twenty five (25) overs. The minimum requirement can take the form of the team batting first being dismissed prior to the completion of twenty five (25) overs or a declaration upon reaching that requirement.
- ii. Where lost time results in the match played under reduced overs, no bowler may bowl more than 1/5th of the overs. Should 1/5th of the overs not result in a whole number for each bowler, round up or down to reach the required number of overs per bowler.
- iii. Each team shall be entitled to receive in its first innings the allocation of overs applicable to the match (unless the innings is earlier completed), and if on completion of the allocation of overs the innings has not been completed, it shall be compulsorily closed. Play may continue beyond the scheduled time for the conclusion of the match, if required, to allow the team batting second to receive its allocation of overs.
- iv. In order to fulfil the requirements of D19 (2), play may continue beyond normal hours, light and weather permitting, but if the match is interrupted by light or weather for a period or periods exceeding in total 60 minutes during the first innings of the team batting first then the team batting first is still entitled to receive its allocated overs as determined at the start of its innings unless dismissed prior. The team batting second is entitled to receive its allocation of overs as determined at start of the match.
- v. The team which scores the greater number of runs in its first innings shall be declared the winner on the first innings. In the case of the team batting second not being the winner and having not concluded its first innings having been prevented by pitch, ground, weather or light conditions from receiving its allocation of overs, the match shall be drawn

Comment:

In relation to one day matches recalculation of overs as a result of time lost only applies at the commencement of the days play. Overs are not recalculated as a result of any time lost during the innings of the team batting first.

- (e) Prior to the toss of the coin, both Captains shall exchange a completed and signed team-sheet clearly detailing the names, initials of all players in the team, and indicate any underage players in their side.
The team sheet shall contain a maximum of 12 players. Only 11 players (not limited to the same 11) shall be permitted to bat or bowl in any innings. The captain is not required to nominate the player who will not bat or bowl in advance and may make such decisions at any time during the game. Only 11 fieldsmen may be on the field of play at any one time. Interchange of fieldsmen without restriction is permitted (provided no time is wasted) and there shall be no requirement for a bowler to be on the field for a certain length of time following interchange under this bylaw.
Both captains after exchanging the team sheets will pass them to the umpires who will note any underage players listed and then pass on the sheets to the respective scorers
- (f) **WIDE BALL - Judging a Wide**
Umpires are instructed to apply consistent interpretation to this law in order to prevent negative bowling wide of the wicket. Any offside or leg side delivery which in the opinion of the umpire does not give the batsman a reasonable opportunity to score shall be called wide. As a guide, on the leg side a ball pitching clearly outside the leg stump going further away should be called wide. The above provisions do not apply if the striker makes contact with the ball.
- (g) **NO BALL (Short Pitched)**
If either umpire considers that the ball passes, or would have passed, over head height of the striker standing upright at the crease, he/she shall call and signal 'no ball'.
- 3) BOWLING RESTRICTIONS JUNIOR SECTION - UNDER 15 COMPETITION ONLY**
- a) In either the first or second innings of a **Two Day Match** no bowler shall bowl more than ten (10) overs in an innings.
- b) Slow bowlers may bowl their quota of overs in one spell providing their total overs are bowled as a Slow bowler
- c) No other bowler may bowl more than six (6) overs in a spell without taking a break from bowling for a period of twelve (12) overs.
- d) A bowler who bowls less than 6 overs in a spell and then has a break of 12 overs may subsequently commence a new spell of 6 overs (subject to his innings limit).
- e) A bowler who has bowled a spell of less than 6 overs may resume bowling prior to the elapse of 12 overs but this will be considered a continuation of the same bowling spell and the limit of 6 overs in that spell shall still apply. Following the completion of the spell the normal requirement for a break of a period of 12 overs shall apply.
- f) This rule shall include the amount of overs bowled between a first and second innings where a team has been made to follow on i.e. A bowler who bowls his last 6 overs in the last 12 overs in the first innings where an innings is followed on is unable to bowl until 12 overs have been bowled in the second innings.

Examples

- 1) Bowler bowls 6 overs he cannot bowl again for a period of 12 overs
 - 2) Bowler bowls 4 overs and taken off, if he is brought back on within a period where less than 12 overs have elapsed since his earlier spell, he can only bowl a further 2 overs. He then cannot bowl again for a period of 12 overs.
 - 3) Bowler bowls 4 overs and taken off, he is brought back after 12 overs have elapsed he then is eligible to bowl a fresh spell of 6 overs.
 - 4) Bowler bowls 3 overs at end of innings and team is dismissed and forced to follow on. If bowler commences to bowl at beginning of second innings he can only bowl a spell of 3 overs. He then cannot bowl again for a period of 12 overs
 - 5) Team B commences innings late on day one and 10 overs are bowled between 2 bowlers. Both bowlers if they bowl at the commencement of play on day two are only entitled to bowl 1 over and then cannot bowl again for a period of 12 overs
- g) In either the first or second innings of a **One Day Match** no bowler shall bowl more than eight (8) overs in an innings. After a bowler has completed four (4) overs he/she shall not bowl for a period of eight (8) overs from the time that the bowler completed his/her last over in the innings. What constitutes a spell is as outlined in the previous paragraph.
- h) Slow bowlers may bowl their quota of overs in one spell providing their total overs are bowled as a Slow bowler
- i) A batter upon reaching a score of 100 runs shall be compulsorily retired. That batter or in the case of more than one batter, only the batter nominated by the Captain, shall be permitted to return at the fall of the ninth wicket. For the purpose of individual performance returns and match result statistics, the retired batter shall be treated as not out. Please see comment below

Comment:

Batsman upon having reached 100 runs and compulsorily retired can only recommence innings at fall of the ninth wicket. This also means that any batsman who happens to reach 100 runs during the course of a ninth wicket partnership can continue to bat (provided he is the only such player qualified or becomes the nominated player) until the fall or otherwise of the 10th wicket.

Note stipulates fall of the ninth wicket so if you are playing short then bylaw cannot be utilized

4) U/15 COMPETITION – SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- a) All players must wear a **Helmet** when batting.
- b) Dangerous Fast Deliveries –
Any fast delivery by a bowler (short pitched) reaching the batsman above head height of the striker standing upright at the crease shall be called "no ball".
- c) Field Placement:-
Except for the wicket keeper, slips and gully fielders no player shall be permitted to be positioned within 10m of the batter's middle stump. No player may enter this restricted zone until after the ball:
 - i. Is hit by the batter or Strikes the body or equipment of the batter, or
 - ii. Passes through to the wicket keeper.

If a fieldsman takes up a position in contravention of this rule the umpires should inform the fieldsman and assist him to comply with the by-law.

Should a fielder not comply with the umpires request or move into a position which contravenes this by-law during the bowler's delivery the umpire must call and signal no ball.

5) BOWLING RESTRICTIONS JUNIOR SECTION - UNDER 17 COMPETITION ONLY

- a) In either the 1st or 2nd innings of a **Two Day Match** no bowler shall bowl more than 14 overs in an innings
- b) Slow bowlers may bowl their quota of overs in one spell providing their total overs are bowled as a slow bowler
- c) No other bowler may bowl more than 6 overs in a spell without taking a break from bowling for a period of 12 overs.
- d) A bowler who bowls less than 6 overs in a spell and then has a break of 12 overs may subsequently commence a new spell of 6 overs (subject to his innings limit).
- e) A bowler who has bowled a spell of less than 6 overs may resume bowling prior to the elapse of 12 overs but this will be considered a continuation of the same bowling spell and the limit of 6 overs in that spell shall still apply. Following the completion of the spell the normal requirement for a break of a period of 12 overs shall apply.
- f) This rule shall include the amount of overs bowled between a first and second innings where a team has been made to follow on i.e. A bowler who bowls his last 6 overs in the last 12 overs in the first innings where an innings is followed on is unable to bowl until 12 overs have been bowled in the second innings.

Examples

- 1) Bowler bowls 6 overs he cannot bowl again for a period of 12 overs
- 2) Bowler bowls 4 overs and taken off, if he is brought back on within a period where less than 12 overs have elapsed since his earlier spell, he can only bowl a further 2 overs. He then cannot bowl again for a period of 12 overs.

- 3) *Bowler bowls 4 overs and taken off, he is brought back after 12 overs have elapsed he then is eligible to bowl a fresh spell of 6 overs.*
- 4) *Bowler bowls 3 overs at end of innings and team is dismissed and forced to follow on. If bowler commences to bowl at beginning of second innings he can only bowl a spell of 3 overs. He then cannot bowl again for a period of 12 overs*
- 5) *Team B commences innings late on day one and 10 overs are bowled between 2 bowlers. Both bowlers if they bowl at the commencement of play on day two are only entitled to bowl 1 over and then cannot bowl again for a period of 12 overs.*
- g) In either the first or second innings of a **One Day Match** no bowler shall bowl more than eight (8) overs in an innings. After a bowler has completed five (5) overs he/she shall not bowl for a period of ten (10) overs from the time that the bowler completed his/her last over in the innings. What constitutes a spell is as outlined in the previous paragraph.
- h) Slow bowlers may bowl their quota of overs in one spell providing their total overs are bowled as a Slow bowler.

6) U/17 COMPETITION – SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- a) All players must wear a **Helmet** when batting.
- b) Dangerous Fast Deliveries –
Any fast delivery by a bowler (short pitched) reaching the batsman above head height of the striker standing upright at the crease shall be called "no ball".
- c) Coaching on Field is not permitted The on-field leadership of players is the responsibility of the captain
- d) Coaching shall be restricted to drinks and afternoon intervals, during the break of innings and prior to the start of play. It is not appropriate for a coach to be calling out to players on the field, or in other ways conveying messages, while the game is in progress (including between overs).
- e) Officials acting as Umpires are required under the Laws of Cricket to be impartial. As a result on field coaching by umpires is not permitted
- f) Any violation of this Bylaw is to be reported to the Executive Officer of the ATCA by the independent officiating umpire
- g) The limitations as they apply to any players who are aged under 15 or under 17 at July 1st in the current season are to be enforced in this competition
- h) Field Placement:-
Except for the wicket keeper, slips and gully fielders no player shall enter the restricted zone (which is 5 metres from the batter's middle stump), unless wearing protective equipment i.e. helmet and protector until after the ball:
 - i. Is hit by the batter or strikes the body or equipment of the batter, or
 - ii. Passes through to the wicket keeper.

If a fieldsman takes up a position in contravention of this rule the umpires should inform the fieldsman and assist him to comply with the bylaw.

Should a fielder not comply with the umpires request or move into a position which contravenes this bylaw during the bowlers delivery run the umpire must call and signal no ball.

7) BOWLING AND AGE RESTRICTIONS FOR JUNIORS PLAYING IN THE SENIOR COMPETITION

- a) In relation to junior players playing in the senior competition the age restriction is as of September 1st in the current season not the 1st July as it applies in the junior competition
- b) Over restrictions for U17 juniors playing in the senior two day competition is a maximum spell of six (6) consecutive overs. A maximum daily allocation of sixteen (16) overs.
- c) Over restrictions for U15 juniors playing in the senior two day competition is a maximum spell of six (6) consecutive overs. A maximum daily allocation of twelve (12) overs
- d) The break between spells is to be a minimum of thirty (30) minutes (including the Tea interval and any unscheduled breaks in play).
- e) A bowler who has bowled a spell of less than the maximum spell permitted for his/her age (defined above) may resume bowling prior to the completion of the necessary break, but this will be considered an extension of the same spell and the maximum spell limit for that age of player shall still apply.
- f) Following the completion of the extended spell, the normal break of thirty (30) minutes between spells will apply.
- g) If a change of innings occurs, and a bowler commences bowling in the new innings within thirty (30) minutes of bowling in the previous innings, this will be considered an extension of the same spell and the maximum spell limit and daily limits for that age of player shall still apply.
- h) Slow bowlers may bowl their quota of overs in one spell providing their total overs are bowled as a Slow bowler

8) JUNIOR EXCESSIVE HEAT POLICY

The Emergency Committee shall have the power to cancel play in all U/15 and U/17 grades on any match day that at 9.00am the forecasted temperature for Adelaide is recorded as 38 degrees or more.

D20. BOUNDARIES

All scheduled two day games must as a minimum have boundaries defined by a continuous or dotted line further defined by markers or flags. Any breach of this clause will result in a fine not exceeding \$100.

Where there is no white line or object providing continuous marking, objects such as flags, posts or boards may be used to mark specific points on the boundary. The boundary shall be the imaginary straight line on the ground joining the two nearest marked points.

D21. AUTHORITY OF NON-OFFICIAL UMPIRES

Where no, or insufficient, Umpires have been appointed to officiate at any match in any competition, the person or persons discharging the functions of an Umpire for the time being shall be bound and shall exercise all the powers conferred on an Umpire by the Laws of Cricket and these By-Laws.

D22. SCOREBOARDS

At all matches played in the Premier A1 to B3 grades must have an operational scoreboard. Failure to provide a scoreboard shall result in a fine not exceeding \$50 for the home team. It shall be the duty of the batting side to maintain the correct score on the scoreboard. Updating must be the minimum of every (2) overs. Failure to comply with a request to update scoreboard by Umpires or Captains shall result in a fine not exceeding \$25.

D23. FIELDER'S ABSENCE; SUBSTITUTES: Laws of Cricket 24.1 applies in full

During the Minor Round only, should an injury occur to a player, the opposing team shall provide a substitute fieldsman where the team with the injured player does not have a substitute fielder available?

Should the injury occur on the first day of a two-day match the team with the injured player is expected to provide its own substitute fielder on the second day.

The onus to provide a substitute fielder for any player leaving the field for a reason other than injury is dealt with in Law 24 of the Laws of Cricket.

Where there are no official umpires appointed by the Association there must be an agreement between both captains regarding Law 24.1

D24. PLAYER RETURNING TO THE FIELD OF PLAY

Law 24.4 of the Laws of Cricket to apply, which includes a 5 run penalty.

D25. CHANGE OF UMPIRE

An official umpire shall not be changed in a match other than in exceptional circumstances, in which case both team captains are to be notified. The replacement umpire shall have the full responsibilities of an umpire.

D26. BOWLING OF DANGEROUS AND UNFAIR NON-PITCHING DELIVERIES

The Laws of Cricket at 41.7.1 and 41.7.2 shall be extended to include a second and final warning in all Grades of the ATCA Competition with the exception of Grades A1 to A3 and the Senior MensT20 Competition

Note

The umpire is too adopt a common sense approach when applying this Bylaw in that any delivery which passes well wide of the batsman or clearly over the batsman head so that he is unable to play a proper cricket shot and therefore unlikely by its nature to inflict physical injury shall not be deemed as falling within the parameters of this Bylaw.

D27. THE MATCH BALL - CHANGING ITS CONDITION

In the event of a player changing the condition of the ball unfairly, as set out in Law 42.3 of the Laws of Cricket, the umpires after consultation shall:

- (i) change the ball forthwith. It shall be for the umpires to decide on the replacement ball, which shall in their opinion, have had wear comparable with that which the previous ball had received immediately prior to the contravention.
- (ii) Inform the batsmen that the ball has been changed.
- (iii) Inform the captain of the fielding side that the reason for the action was the unfair interference with the ball.
- (iv) Inform the captain of the batting side as soon as practicable of what has occurred.
- (v) Report the player contravening this Law to the Association
- (vi) If there are any further instances of unfairly changing the condition of the ball the umpires shall repeat the procedure in D27 (i) to (v) above.
- (vii) Where no umpires are present, the duties of the umpire will fall to the captain

D28. PENALTY RUNS

- (1) Where an ATCA umpire is present the laws of cricket regarding penalty shall apply including bylaw D32 and D33
- (2) Where an ATCA umpire is not present there shall be no penalty runs awarded to teams participating in a recognized ATCA Competition, as set out in Law 2.6 Player returning without permission, Law 41 and 42(9) Time wasting by the fielding side and 42(10) Batsman wasting Time of the Laws of Cricket and By-Law D32 and D33

D29 ATCA TWENTY/20 PLAYING CONDITIONS

1. **Duration of Match**

All matches will consist of one innings per side. Each innings limited to a maximum of 20 overs unless bowled out prior. The game is considered completed once a result is achieved

2. **Hours of Play**

Round I to Quarter Final.....5.10pm – 7.50pm
Semi and Grand Finals..... 4.50pm – 7.30pm

Clubs are required to utilise oval floodlighting for the second session of all evening games

3. **Oval and Pitch Markings**

As with normal one day games the oval is to have the 30 yard circle clearly marked and guide lines marked 75cm from the outside of the stumps to gauge offside wide deliveries.

4. **Balls**

The approved ball is the Kookaburra Pink (4 piece) Senator or Regulation.

5. **Field Restrictions**

Between overs 1-6 only two players are permitted to be outside the inner circle. Between overs 7-12, three players are permitted outside the inner circle. For overs 13 to 20 a maximum of 5 players are permitted to be outside the inner circle.

6. **Time Restrictions**

Each innings is to be a maximum of 75 minutes. If a team fails to bowl the allotted overs in this time allowed they shall be penalized 6 runs per over not bowled by the scheduled close of innings. The overs must be completed with the time taken off the interval or play overtime.

The umpire can deduct 6 runs from the batting teams score if they believe the batsmen are deliberately wasting time. It is the batsman's job to be ready to face as soon as the bowler is ready. After the fall of a wicket the incoming batsman has 90 seconds to be ready to face the next delivery. If the batsman is not ready he can be timed out by the umpire.

In order to save time overs will be bowled in 5 over blocks from each end. The batsman will change ends at the end of each over.

7. **No Balls**

If a bowler bowls a front foot no ball (penalty = 1 run) the batsmen will have a "free hit" on the next delivery. The "free hit" ball must be a legal delivery, if not, it must be re-bowled. The "free hit" delivery is subject to standard no ball dismissal rules. The free hit is to be taken by the batsman on strike when the ball is to be bowled. The fielding team is not permitted to make any changes to their field settings for the "free hit" delivery. That is, the field setting for the "free hit" delivery must be the same as the field setting for the previous delivery in which the front foot no ball occurred. Exception: The field may be changed to accommodate the switch between left-hand/right-hand batsmen but the number of players inside/outside 30 yard circle must not change in such circumstances.

Short pitched balls travelling above the head of a batsman standing upright in the crease will be called a no ball. Penalty = 1 runs plus ball re bowled

8. **Wide Balls**

Normal One Day wide rules apply to this competition. The major change is that "ANY" ball that passes outside the leg stump, regardless of where it pitches, of the batsman on strike, that does not get hit or strike the batsman, is to be called a wide. The ball upon being called a wide is to be re-bowled. (Penalty = 1 run).

A leg side wide shall not be called where the ball passes between the striker and the stumps.

9. **Bowlers**

Bowlers are permitted to bowl no more than 1/5th of the total amount of overs. I.e. no more than 4 overs in a completed innings. ATCA also requires the overs to be bowled in blocks of five overs each from one end to reduce the amount of non-productive time.

10. **Tied Game**

- a) In the event of tied game during the minor round the premiership points will be shared. The winner of a tied game during the knockout/elimination phase of the competition will be determined firstly on the least number of wickets lost. Only in the event of wickets lost being equal will a bowl off be used to decide the win result.
- b) In the event of a "bowl off" each team is to select 3 bowlers. These 3 bowlers are to take alternate turns in bowling 1 delivery at the stumps. The team that hits the stumps the most will be declared the winner. If teams are equal after the 6 deliveries then the "bowl off" will continue by teams taking alternate turns in bowling a delivery until a winner is determined. The same rotation of bowlers will be used. Each team is to have equal number of deliveries.
- c) Any tied Grand Final game played at Adelaide Oval will be determined by a "Super Over"
 - I. Toss of the coin to determine which team bats first
 - II. Prior to the start of each innings the batting team will nominate 3 batsman
 - III. At the loss of the 2nd wicket the innings is terminated
 - IV. Fielding restrictions - only 2 players are permitted to be outside the inner circle

11. Heat Policy

All matches are to proceed regardless of the forecast temperature. This position is taken in view of the short duration of each match.

12. Player Registration/Guest Player

- a) All players playing in the T20 competition are required to be registered with the ATCA in accordance with Bylaw C2. The registration process must be completed no later than the Friday following the match.
- b) Players may not play for more than one club team in the same round
- c) Players may not transfer between clubs during the competition
- d) A maximum of 2 guest players are allowed to play in any Division 1 Team. For all the other remaining Divisions only 1 guest player is allowed. A guest player is defined as someone who in the current or preceding season was or is registered with the SACA or any club or association within Australia who pursuant to Bylaw C 2.2 (a) would require a Dual Registration in order to play for the ATCA club. For the purposes of this Bylaw any junior playing in the current season for an ATCA club is to be considered as a qualified club player and not subject to the conditions of a guest player
- e) No guest player is qualified to play in finals commencing with the Round of 16, unless they have played at least one minor round match with the qualified team.
- f) Where a club has more than one team in a particular grade they shall be rated by the association prior to the commencement of the season as to which shall be deemed the higher ranked team for the purpose of this bylaw. Any transfer of players between these teams during the finals will therefore be subject to finals qualification of this bylaw

13. Final Qualification

- a) For the purposes of this Bylaw there will be separate T/20 Divisions. Division 1 will be considered the higher competition
- b) No player, excluding Guest players (see 12 d) are qualified to play in finals, commencing with the quarter final, unless they have played at least one match prior to the quarter final.
- c) Players qualified under (b) cannot play in a lower team unless at least 50% of matches played were in the lower team. However, free transfer will be allowed between two or more consecutive teams playing finals.
- d) Where consecutive teams are competing in finals any player selected in that team is free to play for that team in any subsequent final, even if the consecutive team chain is broken.
- e) Where a club has more than one team within a Division those teams will be rated as per (12 (f) and any player movement between these teams will be permitted provided they have met the qualification as per clause (c) of this bylaw
- f) Where consecutive teams, within a Division, are competing in finals any player selected in that team is free to play on for that team even if the consecutive chain is broken.
- g) Any player having qualified for a lower Division as per clause 13 (b) is allowed to play in a higher division final

14. Dress

Standard ATCA dress code to apply. Any new club uniform must first be approved by the ATCA.

15. Inclement Weather

In the event of a match starting late due to ground weather or light conditions the number of overs in each innings shall be reduced on the basis of one over each 4 minutes of playing time lost.

The match shall not commence unless the umpires consider that there is sufficient time remaining for each team to receive 10 overs. If the revision results in an odd number of overs then one over shall be added and the total divided in half.

If the team fielding first fails to bowl the revised number of overs by the specified time play shall continue until the required number of overs has been bowled or the innings completed.

The opposition shall then be entitled to receive 10 overs so that a decision may be reached.

If owing to either the suspension of play or interruptions to play results in the team batting second not receiving the same number of overs as the team batting first the match shall be decided on the scores at that point provided a minimum of 5 overs have been received by the team batting second.

16. Drawn Game

A fully or partially drawn game during the knockout stage of the competition will be completed at the earliest convenience to be determined by the association. If a suitable replay can't be arranged a final decision is at the associations discretion based on minor round placings, percentage

17. Scorers

All team participating in the Division 1 competition must supply a scorer for the entire game

18. Net Run Rate – to determine final division standings

A teams net run rate is calculated by deducting from the average runs per over scored by that team during the competition, the average runs per over scored against that team during the competition.

In the event of a team being all out in less than its full quota of overs, the calculation of its net run rate shall be based on the full quota of overs to which it would have been entitled and not on the number of overs in which the team was dismissed.

D30. LIMITED OVERS COMPETITION- PLAYING CONDITIONS

(a) **PLAYING HOURS**

Minor Round: 1.00 to 6.00 pm with a twenty (20) minute break between innings.

Major Round: 12.30 pm to 5.30 pm with twenty (20) minute break between innings.

Note (matches will start and finish 30 minutes earlier outside of day-light saving hours.)

(b) **OVERS – 40 Overs Maximum**

- (i) If the innings of the team batting first is completed in less than 40 overs, then the team batting second shall be entitled to receive the maximum of 40 overs unless:
- (ii) The team batting second has passed the total of the team batting first the match shall be completed and stumps will be drawn.

(c) **BOWLERS - Maximum of 9 overs per bowler – Standard hours of play.**

- (i) Prior to the commencement of a bowler's last over of the maximum of 9, it shall be the duty of the scorers to notify the fielding captain and umpires.
- (ii) Juniors (U17) are subjected to a spell of maximum of six (6) consecutive overs. A maximum daily allocation of nine (9) overs.
- (iii) The break between spells is to be a minimum of thirty (30) minutes (including any unscheduled breaks in play)
- (iv) A bowler who has bowled a spell of less than the maximum spell (6) may resume bowling prior to the completion of the necessary break, but this will be considered an extension of the same spell and the maximum spell limit shall still apply.
- (v) Following the completion of the extended spell, the normal break of thirty (30) minutes between spells will apply.
- (vi) Slow bowlers may bowl their quota of overs in one spell providing their total overs are bowled as a slow bowler
- (vii) If for any reason a bowler should commence an over beyond the maximum of 9, the captain of the fielding side upon being informed shall immediately remove the bowler. If required another bowler shall complete the over provided that he does not bowl two overs consecutively. The bowler completing the over shall be recorded as having bowled a full over.
- (viii) Any score or dismissals that have occurred prior to a bowler being suspended shall stand.
- (ix) **NO BALL(Short Pitched):** If either umpire considers that the ball passes, or would have passed, over head height of the striker standing upright at the crease, the umpire shall call and signal "No Ball".

(x) **WIDE BALL:**

- i. Umpires are instructed to apply a consistent interpretation to this law in order to prevent negative bowling wide of the wicket.
- ii. Any offside or leg side delivery which in the opinion of the umpire does not give the batsman a reasonable opportunity to score shall be called wide.
- iii. In relation to the off-side any delivery outside the Off Side Wide Line, provided he/she maintains a normal batting position and has not brought the ball within reach, shall be called a wide.
- iv. Any delivery that passes outside the return crease will automatically be called a wide.
- v. On the leg side a ball landing clearly outside the leg stump going further away should be called wide.
- vi. The above provisions do not apply if the striker makes contact with the ball.

Clubs must ensure that lines are drawn in the batting boxes at both ends of the pitch in the following manner, A line (approx. ¾ inch wide) shall be drawn in the batting boxes at each end of the pitch (1 foot 4 inches from the inside edge of the return crease) and each shall be at right angles from the bowling crease and shall continue to meet the popping crease at right angles. The use of the lines is to assist the umpires in their interpretation of the "call of wide" on the off side of the wicket only. The calling of the wide on the leg side is as per the interpretation outlined in the above paragraph.

Note: *Where no official umpires are present it is recommended that both captains agree on a sensible leg side wide interpretation prior to the toss of the coin*

(d) **LOST TIME**

- (i) Should any time be lost on the day due to an interruption or even in normal circumstances, then play can continue for up to one hour beyond the scheduled finishing time in order to arrive at a result. If a result cannot be achieved within that timeframe, by 7.00pm, then the match shall be called a draw.
- (ii) **Overs are only ever recalculated for time lost prior to the commencement of the match** not once play has commenced and only after more than 60 minutes playing time has been lost in accordance with (i)
- (iii) The resulting number of minutes left (after allowing for any scheduled intervals) will be divided by seven (7) and the resultant nearest whole number shall become the allocation of overs for each team in its innings.

Example

Amount of time lost 15 minutes

Time remaining 265 (280 minus 15)

265 divided by 7 = 37.8 (nearest whole number) 38 overs per team

- (iv) In a match where the numbers of overs are reduced in order to recalculate the number of overs per bowler you must ensure the 5th bowler bowls a minimum of 4 overs. Subtract 4 overs from the total overs, divide the remainder by 4. If this results in an uneven number of overs then the remaining overs can be applied to the 4 other bowlers as below example
Example: 38 over game minus 4 overs (5th bowler) = 34 overs.
34 overs divided by 4 = 8.5 overs per bowler (the overs will be determined as follows)
2 bowlers x 9 overs maximum
2 bowlers x 8 overs maximum
1 bowler x 4 overs
- (v) Play will be abandoned if the match has not commenced by 3.00 pm, but where play has been undertaken a minimum requirement of the team batting first in order to constitute a match is twenty (20) overs. The minimum requirement can take the form of the team batting first being dismissed prior to the completion of twenty (20) overs or a declaration upon reaching that requirement.
- (vi) If play has commenced and any time is lost during the innings of the team batting first for pitch, ground, weather or light conditions then the team batting first unless dismissed prior shall be entitled to receive its full quota of overs as determined prior to the start of play
- (e) **MATCH POINTS - HOW AWARDED**
 The following points shall be awarded for all matches:
- (i) **Win:** 10 Points
 - (ii) **Draw:** (to be read in conjunction with By-Law B5)
 - (a) Where only one team has batted 5 Points
 - (b) Where neither team has batted 5 Points
 - (c) Where both teams have batted and the team batting second has received a lesser number of legal balls than the team batting first 5 Points
 - (iii) **Tie:** (to be read in conjunction with By-Law B6)
 - (a) Scores being equal after both teams have batted 5 Points
 - (iv) **Forfeit:** A team receiving a forfeit shall be awarded the maximum number of points gained by a team in that grade for that round. **The teams that forfeits the match will incur a penalty of one additional match point**
 - (v) There shall be no incentive points in the L O Grades and the Premiership Table shall be calculated using Match Points and Averages (as explained in By-Law B9).
- (f) **SPARE DAY GRAND FINAL ONLY**
 In the event of no play being possible on day one (Saturday) of the Grand Final then subject to weather and conditions the match will proceed on the following day (Sunday) in order to achieved a result. This bylaw only applies to the Grand Final and not the Semi-Final where the highest ranked side advances if match abandoned.
- (g) **BALLS PERMITTED —** Grades L O Division 1, 2, 3 and 4 shall use approved four piece Kookaburra cricket balls. Other L O grades may use two piece or four piece Kookaburra approved cricket balls.

Over Rate Reckoner-

1st Innings

1:00pm	Minutes	Overs
1:10	10	3
1:20	20	6
1:30	30	9
1:40	40	11
1:50	50	14
2:00	60	17
2:10	70	20
2:20	80	23
2:30	90	26
2:40	100	29
2:50	110	31
3:00	120	34
3:10	130	37
3:20	140	40

2nd Innings

3:40pm	Minutes	Overs
3:50	10	3
4:00	20	6
4:10	30	9
4:20	40	11
4:30	50	14
4:40	60	17
4:50	70	20
5:00	80	23
5:10	90	26
5:20	100	29
5:30	110	31
5:40	120	34
5:50	130	37
6:00	140	40

D31 PLAYER OR UMPIRE SMOKING ON THE FIELD OR CONSUMING ALCOHOL

- a) A Player or umpire shall not be permitted to smoke on the field during a match or during drink intervals. This By-Law also applies to any persons who act in the capacity of an Umpire during a game. For each infringement of this By-Law the Club or Umpire shall be liable for a fine not exceeding \$25.00
- b) A player or umpire participating in a game shall not be permitted to drink alcohol during the duration of that game. For each infringement of this Bylaw the Club or Umpire shall be liable for a minimum fine of \$100.00 and shall be subject to a formal report.

D32 PLAYER BEHAVIOUR (this Bylaw acts in lieu of Law 42 of the Laws of Cricket)

If during the course of a game an umpire/s feels that a player/s or team is acting in a manner in breach of the Spirit of the Game or the Code of Conduct as spelt out in part below, he/she shall take the following actions

Offences Deemed Unacceptable Conduct

- Showing dissent at an umpire's decision by word or action
- Using language that, in the circumstances, is obscene, offensive or insulting whether directed towards another player, umpire, team official or spectator or not
- Making an obscene gesture whether directed towards another player, umpire, team official or spectator
- Making inappropriate and deliberate physical contact with another player
- Appealing excessively or advancing towards an umpire in an aggressive manner when appealing
- Intimidate an umpire by language or gesture
- Threatening to assault a player, umpire, official or spectator
- Any other misconduct, the nature of which is covered under the ATCA's Code of Conduct Guidelines

Action by Umpires

- a) If either umpire considers that the conduct of a player, at any time during the match, is unacceptable, the umpire concerned shall call and signal Dead Ball. This call may be delayed until the umpire is satisfied that it will not disadvantage the non-offending side.
- b) The umpire concerned shall then call time and together with his colleague (if applicable) decide whether misconduct has occurred and the level of the offending.
- c) Together the umpires shall inform the offending player and his captain, in the case of a batsman the other batsman can deputise for the captain, if they deem that an offence has occurred and the manner in which it is being treated.
 - (i) An official first and final warning now applies
 - (ii) A first and final warning along with an official report now applies.
- d) The issuing of a first and final warning shall apply to all members of the team for the entire match.
- e) If the umpires after imposing a first and final warning upon a team deem that further misconduct offences have occurred they shall adopt the procedure outlined above and award 5 penalty runs to the opposition team in every instance.
- f) As soon as practicable after each occurrence the umpires shall call play
- g) When a 5 run penalty has been awarded to the fielding side they shall be added as penalty extras to that side's total of runs in its most recently completed innings.
- h) When a 5 run penalty is awarded to the batting side then they shall be scored as penalty extras and shall be in addition to any other penalties. They shall not be credited to the batsman.
- i) If the fielding side has not completed an innings the 5 penalty runs shall be added to its next innings.
- j) The umpires are required to report each occurrence of a warning being applied to the Association.

The umpires together shall report all occurrences of warnings issued under this Bylaw, whether subject to an official report or not, as soon as possible after the match to the Executive Officer. This Bylaw also now has the effect of placing the onus upon the umpires to officially notify the offending player and his Captain at the actual time of the offence that an official report has been laid.

The umpires must maintain a record of all such warnings and on each occasion such a warning is noted, notify the Executive Officer (or delegate) of the ATCA who will in turn notify the Secretary of the Club for which the player participates.

- (i) Should a player be officially reported for an offence of similar kind to those encompassed by this Bylaw and subsequently found guilty by a Commissioner, the Executive Officer (or delegate) must inform the Commissioner of any recorded warnings still current against the player concerned.
- (ii) Should the number of such warnings given to players in a Club, over all Grades, exceed 3 in any one season; the Club shall be fined \$50.00 for each warning over 3.
- (iii) Warnings will remain current for two seasons after which they shall be annulled.

D33 USE OF HELMETS – SENIOR COMPETITION

In the ATCA Senior competition it's strongly recommended that all players, especially taking into account their respective abilities, when batting against fast or medium paced bowling wear a helmet. The onus is placed on both the club and the respective batting Captains to ensure that such serious consideration is given to the wearing of the helmet in the circumstances described above.

Note:

Helmets are mandatory for all junior club cricketers (17 years and younger), whether batting in the junior or senior cricket competitions. They must also be worn when wicket keeping up to the stumps.

D34 CAPTAINS RESPONSIBLE FOR PLAYERS

Under the Laws of Cricket Captains are responsible for their players and therefore when any player from a team is reported during the season the Captain of that team will be required to also appear before the Commissioner. The Commissioner has in his/her power the ability to record penalties against the Captain should the commissioner believe the actions of the Captain were not in the Spirit of the Laws of Cricket.

D35 PLAYERS ABSENT AT COMMENCEMENT OF INNINGS – A1 PREMIER TO A3 ONLY

This is an addendum to Law 24 and Law 25 in that if a player is absent from the ground at either the commencement or resumption of his side's innings and is not subject to any application of Law 24.2 (fielder absent of leaving the field of play) or Law 25.3 the umpire or opposing captain shall be informed of the reason for his absence.

He shall not be recorded as being present until the umpire and opposing captain have been advised of his arrival.

He shall not be permitted to bat for at least the length of playing time for which he was absent up to a maximum of 90 minutes or even if the unserved penalty time has not expired, that player may bat after his/her side has lost 5 wickets.

If a batsman is unable to commence his innings as a consequence of the implementation of this by-law his innings is to be recorded as "Retired - not out".

Note

This is to be read in isolation from Law 24.2 Fielder absent or leaving the field of play and Law 25.3 Restriction on batsman commencing an innings.

Under the Laws of Cricket, Penalty Time only arises when a fielder fails to take the field at the start of a match or at any later time, or leaves the field during play. The only time a batsman will incur such a penalty under the Laws of Cricket is when he has unserved Penalty Time carried over from the application of Law 24.2.

Bylaw D35 deals exclusively with the situation where a batsman, who is not subject to any, unserved Penalty Time, as a consequence of the application of Law 24.2, is absent at the commencement of his teams innings.

Example 1

Team A fields all day on Day 1 and player x is present for the duration (no Penalty incurred).

On Day 2 he is not present at the start of his team's innings, Bylaw D35 comes into play, so he is unable to bat for at least the length of time for which he is absent up to a maximum of 90 minutes or after his team has lost 5 wickets whichever is the earlier.

Example 2

Team A fields all day on Day 1 and player X is absent for the duration (Penalty Time incurred is the maximum of 90 minutes). He is under the Laws of Cricket unable to bat on Day 2 up to a maximum of 90 minutes or after his team has lost 5 wickets whichever is the earlier.

Example 3

Team A fields on Day 1 and is dismissed at tea, player x was present during the entire innings but leaves prior to the commencement of his teams innings and remains absent for the remainder of the days play. He does not incur any penalty under the Laws of Cricket but now falls within the parameters of Bylaw D35 and has incurred a maximum penalty of 90 minutes which is too be served on Day 2. The Penalty is negated upon the fall of the 5 wicket and should that occur on Day 1 then no penalty remains to be served on Day 2.

D36 PAYMENT OF UMPIRES

Each Team shall be responsible for paying the umpires. Payment must be received prior to the commencement of each days play.

Failure to comply with the bylaw will result in the offending team being fined \$50 for each occurrence.

D37 NAMING AND PLAYING OF A 12TH PLAYER 'B1 to C3' GRADES.

Before the tossing of the coin each captain shall exchange his players list in accordance with Bylaw D1.

- (a) At that time of a match a captain may note on the player list one player who will be absent for day two and a twelfth player who shall replace them from the conclusion of the first days play. Each replaced player shall have a specific replacement. The replacement player shall take part in the match as if he were the replaced player, completing his innings or any over in progress if necessary. None of the replaced or replacement players shall take part in any other match during the period of that round be that in the ATCA, SACA or any SAMCA affiliated competition.
- (b) No player other than those named, except substitute fieldsmen, shall be allowed to participate in the match. SACA Dual Registered players cannot be used for the purpose of this bylaw.
- (c) Any team that includes a player in contravention of this rule shall lose the match in which such a player takes part.
- (d) Both players using this rule will be recorded as having played .5 of a match for the purposes of qualification for finals. Both replacement players' statistics are too recorded separately on MyCricket.
- (e) Defence and Emergency services players may utilise this bylaw if the player's employment dictates his unexpected unavailability on week 2 of any two day game. The replacement player must also fall within all other conditions of this bylaw.
- (f) For clubs to utilise this option must first submit a permit in writing to the association outlining the reason for seeking such a permit. Only one such permit per game will be allowed
- (g) This bylaw applies to minor round matches only.

D38. COVERING THE PITCH

1) Matches in which Covers MUST be used: Minor Round

- a) Each Club may use pitch covers in the following circumstances:
- b) It notifies the ATCA in writing 7 days prior to their nominated use and the dimension of the covers to be used. Once the ATCA has been notified the provisions relating to the use of covers (Bylaw D38.2) will automatically apply in full and for the remainder of the season
- c) Covers as provided in the previous clause must be used in all senior matches when these are scheduled at those grounds.

2) Provisions Relating to the Use of Covers

- a) Covers must be at least 10m wide and 30m long, and must comply with such minimum standards of construction (including material and edging) as may be determined by the ATCA. Clubs that have 3.6m (one pitch) covers and 10m (full pitch) covers will be required to use the full pitch covers at all times. The use of the 3.6m wide (one pitch) covers in preference to the full pitch covers will first need the approval of the ATCA
- b) In addition, a hessian underlay at least 3.0m wide and 25m long must be provided.
- c) All pitches shall be covered by no later than 7.00pm on the day preceding each playing day, unless a prior exemption has been granted pursuant to clause (e).
- d) Clubs who fail to nominate and it can be established that covers have been used contrary to this Bylaw will be subject to a fine of \$300 and the potential loss of premiership points
- e) The Executive Officer may grant an exemption to clause (d) if the weather forecast indicates no possibility of rain. In addition, in exceptional circumstances, a Club which believes that the placing of covers on the pitch would be detrimental to the fitness of the pitch on the following day may seek an exemption to this clause. The exemptions referred to in this clause may be granted with whatever conditions the Executive Officer decides, and must be sought not later than 4pm on the day prior to play.
- f) In matches on consecutive days, all such exemptions following the first day's play (or abandonment) shall be in the hands of the umpires rather than the Executive Officer.
- g) The dry hessian underlay must always be laid on the pitch before the covers are placed (to absorb sweating), unless it becomes wet, in which case it must not be used.
- h) On the morning of the match the covers must be removed no later than 10.00am, if weather conditions permit; otherwise, they must be removed as soon as conditions subsequently permit.
- i) It is the home Club which is responsible for ensuring these actions are carried out as required. In the case of neutral grounds, the first named club in the program of matches shall have this responsibility in relation to all days of the match, and the evening prior to each playing day.
- j) Once the umpires arrive at the match, the further placement or removal of the covers shall be subject to their direction. Players from either or both teams may be requested by the umpires to undertake or assist with this work, and if requested must perform such work.
- k) Should the need for rapid covering of the pitch arise during play, the use of the hessian underlay may be dispensed with at the umpires' discretion.

3) Non-Compliance with these Provisions

- a) In the event of any failure to comply with the provisions of this Bylaw, it shall be the responsibility of any Club aware of such failure, and of the umpires, should they be aware, to lodge a written report to the Executive Officer as soon as practical, and no later than 48 hours following the scheduled end of that day's play.
- b) Unless such protest is received by the Executive Officer within 48 hours following the scheduled end of that day's play, then, although the protest may still be investigated, no variation to match result or points will be permitted.
- c) Umpires should report any alleged material failure, even though they themselves may have no direct evidence of a breach.
- d) On receipt of such a report or protest, the Executive Officer considers that the matter is insignificant; the breach shall be disregarded, other than a report being made to the next scheduled meeting of the Board of Management.
- e) In all other cases, the non-compliance shall be referred to the Compliance Committee for investigation.
- f) If the Compliance Committee determines that a breach has occurred, it may:
 - i. if the breach did not affect the match in any way, impose a penalty by way of a fine on the Club responsible (all or part of this fine may be suspended) or may reprimand the Club.
 - ii. if the breach unfairly affected the Club not responsible, impose a penalty by way of
 - iii. reversal of the result (with effect on premiership points, as determined); OR
 - iv. any other change to premiership points, as determined, may be imposed.
 - v. In addition to, or in lieu of, these penalties, a fine may be imposed. All or part of this fine may be suspended for up to 2 years

- 4) Provisions relating to the use of covers for all Finals in A1 to A3 grades only**
- a) Clubs hosting A' Grade Grand Finals must have the use of covers that covers the entire pitch square. Clubs unable to fulfil this requirement **may** lose the right to host A' Grade Grand Finals
 - b) From the Wednesday preceding any final, all pitches shall be covered by no later than 7 pm on the day, unless a prior exemption has been granted pursuant to clause (c)
 - c) The Executive Officer may grant an exemption to clause (a) and (b) if the weather forecast indicates no possibility of rain. In addition, in exceptional circumstances, a Club which believes that the placing of covers on the pitch would be detrimental to the fitness of the pitch may seek an exemption to this clause. The exemptions referred to in this clause may be granted with whatever conditions the Executive Officer decides, and must be sought not later than 4pm on the day.
 - d) All other provision as set out in D38 (2) applies to all A' Grade Finals

PART E. REPORTS OF BREACHES OF BY-LAWS AND MISCONDUCT

E1. REPORTING OF PLAYERS/PERSON

1. In the event of an officer of the Association (as defined in Clause 14 of the Constitution and Rules of the Association) ["officer"] or such other person who is appointed by the Board of Management of the Association pursuant to By-Law 1A hereof (an "appointed person") who is present at a match or an umpire, during or on the day of a match, deeming it necessary to report:
 - (i) any player/person in that match who is playing in the Senior or Under 17 competition of the Association;
 - (ii) any officer of a Club who is present at such a senior or Under 17 match; and/or
 - (iii) a person who is a registered member of the Association who is playing in a representative team comprising one or more players who are registered with the Association;for misconduct as referred to in paragraph 2 (either on or off the field during the day or days of the match) or for any other breach which the umpire is obliged to report under the Laws of Cricket or for any breach of these By-Laws, the officer, the appointed person or the umpire shall:-
 - (a) notify the offending player/person and both captains of his/her intention to report;
 - (b) inform the Executive Officer by phone, fax or email of impending report or deliver, transmit by fax, email or post a written report in the form prescribed by the Board of Management of the Association (Form 1 Notice of Report) prior to the commencement of the season to the Executive Officer of the Association so as to reach him/her by 1.00pm on the first working day after the completion of the match on which the alleged misconduct or other alleged breach occurred; and
 - (c) (i) present himself/herself in due course at the hearing before the Commissioner.
The written report forwarded to the Executive Officer of the Association under paragraph (b) hereof shall constitute a charge against the player/person for the purpose or By-Law E2.
(ii) Any wording in relation to a report written in the comments field of an online Match Review is not deemed as a report. The ATCA Form 1: Notice of Report must be submitted in accordance with paragraph (b).
(iii) Every care should be taken in ensuring that the notice of report is as detailed and precise as possible. Notwithstanding that both the CEP and Commissioner are not bound by its detail or lack of and exercise the right after the gathering and hearing of all the evidence to determine the appropriate classification of the offence under the Code of Conduct Guidelines
- 1A The Board of Management may each season appoint up to ten (10) persons who, together with each officer of the Association, shall each have the following powers:
 - (a) in a game where there is at least one official appointed umpire - to report players or an officer of a Club for "misconduct" as referred to in paragraph 2 arising from an incident on or off the field which might not reasonably have been seen or heard in detail by an officiating umpire;
 - (b) in a game where there is no official appointed umpire - to report a player_or an officer of a Club for "misconduct" arising from any incident during a game;
 - (c) to refer a team's or player's behaviour to the ATCA Compliance Committee arising from the person's considered assessment of player behaviour as it applies to the ATCA Code of Conduct Guidelines and By-Law 2. In the case of the Executive Officer such assessment is not confined to personal observation or encumbered by reports not officially laying charges of a reportable offence in accordance with the Bylaws ; and
 - (d) to refer to the Executive Officer those matters referred to in paragraph 1C of this By-Law.
- 1B Where an officer of the Association or one of the persons appointed by the Board of Management pursuant to paragraph 1A of this By-Law reports a player or a person pursuant to the power in sub-paragraph (a) or (b) of the said paragraph 1A he/she shall advise the reported player or a person that he/she has been reported as soon as practicable after the incident the subject of the report and in all cases shall advise the Executive Officer of the details of the report by 1.00pm on the Monday, or the Tuesday if a long weekend, either immediately after the day on which the said incident occurred or at the conclusion of the match. If the incident occurred on a long weekend, then all days referred to in this Part E shall be pushed back one day (i.e. Monday becomes Tuesday and so on).
- 1C In the event of an officer, an appointed person or an umpire determining that the behaviour (on or off the field and during or on the day of a match) of a player who is playing in the Junior section of the Association, other than the Under 17 competition, or an officer of a Club which has a team playing in the Junior section of the Association, amounts to misconduct, he/she shall refer the matter to the Executive Officer who shall, in turn, refer the matter to a member of the Compliance Committee who is responsible for matters relating to players of that age.

2. Code of Conduct

The captains are responsible at all times for ensuring that play is conducted within the spirit of the game as well as within the Laws, including the Preamble "The Spirit of Cricket" in the 2000 code.

- (a) assaulting or attempting to assault an umpire, player or person;
- (b) reacting in an unreasonably provocative or disapproving manner, either towards an umpire or otherwise, following an umpiring decision;
- (c) using crude and/or abusive language to an umpire, player or person or engaging in conduct detrimental to the spirit of the game;
- (d) making offensive hand gestures to an umpire, player or person;
- (e) engaging in unjustified appealing in a persistent, aggressive or threatening manner; and
- (f) making a dismissive, aggressive or abusive comment or gesture to a batsman after he/she has been dismissed.

Any breach of the foregoing of Code of Conduct shall be considered to be misconduct under this Bylaw. In addition, the *Code of Conduct and Guidelines for Penalties* as set out in Part G of these Bylaws list other conduct which will be considered misconduct under this Bylaw.

- 2A Where a team or player(s) of a team engage in misconduct, the captain of that team will be liable to be reported for that misconduct.
- 2B For the purposes of Part E of these Bylaws an "officer of a Club" includes a person who is a member of that Club's Committee of Management (howsoever the committee of a Club managing its affairs is described) or occupies the position of coach or assistant coach of a Club or a team in that Club.
- 3. Where there are no official umpires officiating in a match, the captains of the teams playing in that match shall assume the responsibilities under paragraph 1 of this By-Law. Each captain shall as far as practicable, follow the procedures set out in paragraph 1 of this By-Law.
- 4. There shall be a sub-committee called the Compliance Committee to be chaired by a member of the Board of Management and each member of the sub-committee (two of whom shall have, in addition to their other responsibilities, the specific responsibility for matters relating to players playing in the Junior section of the Association) shall have the following powers and duties:
 - (a) to assess matters referred to the Compliance Committee by the Executive Officer including those relating to player behaviour, team behaviour and compliance by a Club with its administrative responsibilities under the By-Laws;
 - (b) to communicate in writing and orally with representatives of a Club in relation to any matter referred to the Compliance Committee under sub-paragraph (a); and
 - (c) after consultation with the Chairman of the Compliance Committee or his/her delegate, to refer a matter to the Tribunal constituted under By-Law E4 and to appear before the Tribunal at any hearing conducted by it in relation to the matter so referred.
 - (d) to assess matters referred under By-Law E1 1A (c) by the Executive Officer and if deemed appropriate refer directly to the Commissioner's Enquiry Panel for deliberation
- 5. Where:
 - (a) a captain of a team within a Club is found guilty of misconduct; or
 - (b) in the opinion of a member of the Compliance Committee, the conduct of a senior or junior player or players within a Club or an officer of that Club or the Coach or Team Manager of a junior player is such that a Club should take disciplinary action against that player or those players, that officer or that Coach or Team Manager, that member of the Compliance Committee shall take the following action:
 - (1) write a letter to the Club requiring the Club to:
 - (i) inquire into the matter and to take appropriate disciplinary action against the player or players, the officer of the Club or the Coach or Team Manager;
 - (ii) advise that member of the Compliance Committee in writing within ten (10) days of the date of the letter of the disciplinary action taken by the Club and the reasons for that action; and
 - (2) after consultation with the Chairman of the Compliance Committee or his/her delegate, refer the matter to the Tribunal if that member of the Compliance Committee is not satisfied with any aspect of the club's response to the letter referred to in sub-paragraph (1) hereof.

E2. COMMISSIONER

1. Subject to paragraph 9 of this By-Law, the Commissioner's Enquiry Panel (refer 2A) and the Commissioner (refer 2A) shall exercise the powers of the Association relating to the hearing and determination of charges against players/persons referred, pursuant to these By-Laws and ATCA Policies and the imposition of penalties.
2. Prior to the commencement of each season, the Board of Management shall appoint a panel of Commissioners ("**Panel of Commissioners**").
- 2A Prior to the commencement of each season, the Executive Officer shall prepare a roster for each week from the Panel of Commissioners to apply during the season, each week to comprise:
 - (i) two Commissioners ("**Commissioner's Enquiry Panel**"); and
 - (ii) a third Commissioner who will solely act in the conduct of a Commissioner's hearing, if required ("**the Commissioner**").
3. Upon receipt of a report lodged under the provisions of paragraph 1 or 3 of By-Law E1, the Executive Officer of the Association shall promptly give notice, which may initially be verbal, to the:
 - (a) Commissioner's Enquiry Panel;
 - (b) the Commissioner; and
 - (c) the secretary of the charged player/s/person's club of:
 - (i) the charge; and
 - (ii) the date, time and place at which the Commissioner will hear the charge, if required; and where the reported player is playing in the Under 17 competition of the ATCA:
 - (iii) the requirement that the player's coach or team manager or a senior member of the Committee of Management of the player's club shall attend the hearing of the charge; and
 - (iv) where the person charged has previously been found guilty of misconduct the requirement that the secretary of the players club must take reasonable steps to encourage a parent of the player to attend the hearing of the charge in addition to the player's coach or team manager or a senior member of the Committee of Management of the player's club.
- 3A1
 - (a) The Commissioner's Enquiry Panel is empowered to obtain evidence, information, submissions from any persons whom the Commissioner's Enquiry Panel deems fit. The Commissioner's Enquiry Panel is to reach a decision regarding the matter referred to them ("**CEP Decision**"). The CEP Decision after taking into account the ATCA Code of Conduct and Guidelines for Penalties, any warnings notified under Bylaws D32.2. (i) And D33.2.(i) may include a reprimand, suspension, suspended sentence, fine, expulsion, dismiss the charge/s, refer the matter to the Tribunal and/or make any recommendation to the Board of Management, such decision to be entirely at the Commissioner's Enquiry Panel's discretion. If the Commissioners Enquiry Panel cannot agree their decision, then the matter in dispute must be referred to the Commissioner for hearing.
 - (b) If the investigation undertaken by the Commissioner's Enquiry Panel should reveal incidents separate from those the subject of the report that it deems would constitute possible misconduct by any player or official, they may refer the matter to the Executive Officer.
 - (c) The Executive Officer upon receipt of a referral under 3A1 (b) may if he/she determines appropriate lodge a report. The processing of such a report will follow the procedures set out in E1 and will be heard by a newly constituted CEP.
 - (d) The CEP if upon finding the player guilty has taken such warnings reported under Bylaws D32.2.(i) and D33.2(i) into account in determining the appropriate penalty and if he/she suspends the player concerned they then may direct that the player's recorded warnings be cleared.
- 3A2 By no later than 10:00am on the Wednesday following the lodging of a report, the Commissioner's Enquiry Panel must advise the Executive Officer of their CEP Decision. The Executive Officer must then promptly notify the reported players/clubs/officials and the secretary of the club of the CEP Decision. If the matter is referred to the Tribunal by the Commissioner's Enquiry Panel, then there will not be a hearing before the Commissioner of that matter as the matter in dispute will proceed directly to a Tribunal to be constituted as soon as practicable.
- 3A3 If the reported players/officials accept the CEP Decision, then there will be no hearing before the Commissioner. However, if the players/officials or club officials do not accept the CEP Decision or have made no indication as to acceptance or otherwise, then the matter will be referred to a hearing before the Commissioner to be heard at 5:30pm on the Wednesday or Thursday following the lodging of the report (i.e. generally the same day as the player/official is advised of the CEP Decision).
- 3A4 Any additional evidence gathered and relied upon by the Commissioner's Enquiry Panel in reaching its decision will be evidence available to the Commissioner and Board of Management.

4. In relation to hearings before the Commissioner:
 - (a) unless he/she has delivered to the Executive Officer by 3.00pm on the day on which the Commissioner intends to hear the charge a statement in writing, signed by him/her, that he/she wishes to plead guilty to the charge and, if he/she wishes, stating any mitigating circumstances, the charged player/person and the person or persons who made the report shall appear in person before the Commissioner and the Commissioner shall enquire into the charge;
 - (b) if the charged player/person fails to appear before the Commissioner at the appointed time and place (other than where he/she has pleaded guilty in writing in accordance with sub-paragraph (a) hereof) the Commissioner shall not hear and determine the charge but shall adjourn the hearing to a date and time determined by the Commissioner. The charged player shall not play until the Commissioner has heard and determined the charge unless the Commissioner, in the exercise of his/her discretion, permits the charged player to play pending the hearing and determination of the charge;
 - (c) where the charge arises from a report lodged by an umpire under the provisions of paragraph 1 of By-Law E1, the person who made the report shall give evidence at the hearing and may call witnesses and question all witnesses who give evidence at the hearing;
 - (d) except where the charged player or person has pleaded guilty in accordance with sub-paragraph (a) hereof, the Commissioner shall not proceed to make a determination and exercise his powers under paragraph 6 of this By-Law without first affording to all interested parties a reasonable opportunity to call evidence, question witnesses and make submissions at the hearing;
 - (e) subject to these By-Laws in so far as they relate to players playing in the Junior Section of the Association, no person appearing before the Commissioner shall be entitled to legal or other representation, unless the Commissioner decides otherwise.
5. When considering any charge the Commissioner may:
 - (a) Summon any person to appear and give evidence at the hearing;
 - (b) In his/her absolute discretion, admit or reject any evidence given or tendered at the hearing;
 - (c) Inform himself/herself in such manner as he/she thinks fit without regard to the rules of evidence provided that the charged player/person shall be given the opportunity to make submissions in respect of all information received by the Commissioner;
 - (d) adjourn the hearing from time to time;
 - (e) Adopt and pursue any procedure which he/she may think convenient and proper in the hearing, adjudication and determination of the charge;
 - (f) Hear the charge, notwithstanding that the requirements of these By-Laws with respect to the reporting of the player/person have not been complied with, provided that the Commissioner shall dismiss the charge if in his/her opinion the failure to comply with those requirements has materially prejudiced the charged player/person; and/or
 - (g) in his/her absolute discretion, having regard to the complexity or seriousness of the matter, refer the charge to the Tribunal which, in hearing the charge, shall adopt such of the powers and procedures set out in By-Law E2 as are appropriate for it to hear and determine the charge.
- 6A. If, after considering the charge and all evidence, information and submissions received by him/her, the Commissioner finds the charged player/person guilty on the balance of probabilities and after taking into account the ATCA Code of Conduct, and any warnings issued under Bylaws D32.2.(i) and D33.2.(i), he/she may at the Commissioner's sole discretion:
 - (a) reprimand;
 - (b) suspend;
 - (c) impose a suspended sentence to remain in force for a period specified by the Commissioner (including, where necessary, into the following season);
 - (d) fine; and/or
 - (e) expel; the player and/or official; and/or
 - (f) make any recommendation to the Board of Management
 - (g) impose match point penalties against the charged players team
- 6A1. The Commissioner after taking such warnings reported under Bylaws D32.2.(i) and D33.2.(i) into account in determining the appropriate penalty may if he/she suspends the player concerned direct that the player's recorded warnings be cleared.
- 6B. If after such consideration the Commissioner finds the charged player/person not guilty, he/she may:
 - (a) dismiss the charges against the player/person; and/or
 - (b) make any recommendation to the Board of Management which he/she deems fit.
- 6C. Upon receipt of the CEP Decision or decision of the Commissioner, the Board of Management may:
 - (a) appeal the matter to a Tribunal to be constituted as soon as practicable; or
 - (b) adopt the CEP Decision or the Commissioner's finding. The adoption of the CEP Decision and of the Commissioner's finding does not require any action by the Board of Management.

7. If, in connection with the hearing of a charge, the Commissioner finds that any witness (being a person under the control of the Association) has, knowingly and with intent to mislead the Commissioner, made a false statement at the hearing in respect of any matter material to the charge and directed to the proof of the guilt or triviality of the charge, the Commissioner shall forward a written report of that finding to the Board of Management as soon as practicable after the hearing is completed. Upon receipt of any such report from the Commissioner, the Board of Management may take any action which it deems fit.
8. Any person (being a person under the control of the Association) who conducts himself/herself disrespectfully to the Commissioner during the hearing of any charge, may be dealt with in such manner as the Commissioner, in his/her absolute discretion, deems fit.
9. There shall be afforded to the Board of Management and to all other parties a right of appeal against decisions of the Commissioner in accordance with the terms and conditions set out in By-Law E4.
10. Where a player/person lodges an appeal (refer By Law E4 at 5, 6, 7 and 8) against a decision of the Commissioner (as to a finding of guilt and penalty or as to penalty only), the Executive Officer must as soon as reasonably practicable constitute a Tribunal to hear such appeal. The role of the Executive Officer will be administrative only and he/she must present to the Tribunal copies of all written information together with a written summary of the reasons stated by the Commissioner for the Commissioner reaching his/her decision. The Executive Officer, or Assistant to the Tribunal (refer E4 4), shall attend at the hearing before the Tribunal to perform the responsibilities referred to in paragraph 4(2) of By-Law E4.

E3 UMPIRES TO REPORT BREACHES OF BY-LAWS

It shall be the duty of the umpires to report in writing to the Executive Officer of the Association not later than 1.00pm on the Monday after the end of the match any case of lateness in commencement in play on either day or any breach of these By-Laws and they shall notify the Captain of the team concerned on the day the breach was committed of their intention to submit such report. The Executive Officer of the Association on receipt of such report shall communicate the report thereof to the club or clubs concerned.

E4 ADELAIDE TURF CRICKET ASSOCIATION TRIBUNAL ("THE TRIBUNAL")

1. There shall be a Tribunal which shall hear and determine the following matters:
 - (a) an appeal from a decision of the Commissioner or a referral by the Commissioner pursuant to paragraph 5(g) of By-Law E2;
 - (b) a referral by a member of the Compliance Committee pursuant to sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 5 of By-Law E1;
 - (c) a referral by the Board of Management of a matter which, in the opinion of the Board of Management, warrants the possible imposition of a major disciplinary sanction against a club or is of such complexity or seriousness that it warrants an independent assessment by the Tribunal; and
 - (d) an appeal or referral of a matter by the Executive Officer pursuant to By-Law E5; and
 - (e) a referral by the Commissioner's Enquiry Panel pursuant to paragraph 3A1 of By-Law E2.
2. **Establishment**
 - (1) **The Board of Management to Establish**
The Board of Management shall from time to time appoint persons to the Tribunal.
 - (2) **Members of Tribunal**
The Tribunal shall consist of three members at any one hearing, one of whom must be a legal member and one of whom must be a non-legal member where:
 - (a) the legal member means a Legal Practitioner of no less than five years standing, one of whom shall be the Chairman of each sitting Tribunal ("**legal member**");
 - (b) the other persons who in the opinion of the Board of Management possess sound knowledge of cricket and its etiquette ("**non-legal member**"); and
 - (c) none of the three can be the CEP Decision makers, nor the Commissioner, who heard the matter that is on appeal.
 - (3) **Absent Members**
If for any period and for any reason a Tribunal constituted in accordance with these By-Laws cannot be convened for a hearing the Board of Management may appoint a person who in its opinion is a suitable replacement.
3. **Resignation and Removal of Appeal Board Member**
 - (1) **Resignation**
A member of the Tribunal may resign by providing notice in writing to the Chairperson of the Board of Management.
 - (2) **Removal**
The Board of Management may remove a member of the Tribunal at any time at its discretion.
4. **Assistant to the Tribunal**
 - (1) **Appointment**
The Tribunal may, at its discretion, appoint an Assistant. Where the matter was referred to the Tribunal by the Commissioner's Enquiry Panel, a member of that panel shall act as the Assistant.

- (2) **Role**
The Assistant to the Tribunal shall:
 - (a) assist the Tribunal in the efficient and proper running of matters coming before it;
 - (b) report to the Tribunal the reasons given by the Commissioner for reaching the decision appealed from (where applicable);
 - (c) where directed by the Board of Management, act as the ATCA's representative in any appeal lodged or referred by the Board of Management; and
 - (d) perform other functions as directed from time to time by the Tribunal.
5. An aggrieved person may appeal to the Tribunal in respect of a decision made by the Commissioner under paragraph 6 of By-Law E2 provided the appeal is brought no later than 1.00pm on the day after the decision of the Commissioner was made.
6. An appeal under paragraph 5 of this By-Law shall be conveyed to the Executive Officer of the Adelaide Turf Cricket Association in writing or a duly completed Notice of Appeal form as prescribed prior to the commencement of the relevant season.
7. The Tribunal shall not commence to hear the appeal unless and until a payment has been made to the Adelaide Turf Cricket Association of the sum of \$200 which sum shall be dealt with in accordance with paragraph 21 of this By-Law.
8. A Notice of Appeal shall be lodged by 1:00pm on the day after the decision of the Commissioner was made by:
 - (a) delivering; or
 - (b) transmitting by facsimile or email (and confirming with a subsequent telephone call to the Executive Officer), that Notice addressed to the Executive Officer of the Adelaide Turf Cricket Association and received by the Executive Officer no later than 1.00pm on the day after the decision of the Commissioner was made.
9. **Time for hearing appeal**
 - (1) **Notification**
Upon receipt of a Notice of Appeal, the Executive Officer shall:-
 - (a) fix the date, time and place for the hearing of the appeal as soon as practicable provided that the appeal shall be heard before the day on which the appellant's Club is next scheduled to compete; and
 - (b) advise all parties interested in the appeal in writing of those particulars.
 - (2) **Variation of Time or Place**
The Tribunal may vary the time or place specified under paragraph 9(1) and upon doing so shall immediately provide all parties interested in the appeal written notice of any such variation.
 - (3) **Attendance**
An appellant shall attend and appear before the Tribunal at the date, time and place fixed for the hearing of the appeal. Where an appellant fails to attend before the Tribunal, the Tribunal may still hear and determine the appeal in the appellant's absence.
 - (4) **Disqualification from Playing**
No player who has been suspended by the Commissioner and who has appealed from that decision to the Tribunal shall play again unless authorised to do so by the Tribunal (acting in accordance with paragraph 11(3) of this By-Law) either at the conclusion of the hearing of the appeal or pending the final determination of the appeal.
10. **Obligations of Tribunal**
 - (1) **Natural Justice and Other Obligations**
The Tribunal shall:
 - (a) provide any person whose interest will be directly and adversely affected by its decision a reasonable opportunity to be heard;
 - (b) hear and determine the matter before it in an unbiased manner; and
 - (c) make a decision that a reasonable body could honestly arrive at.
 - (2) **Express Exclusion**
Subject to paragraph 11 of this By-Law, the Tribunal shall hear and determine an appeal brought under this By-Law before the appellant's Club is next scheduled to compete, irrespective of whether the appeal is heard at short notice or whether the hearing of the appeal may affect the appellant's or the appellant's Club's preparation for the next scheduled Match. To the extent that the rules of natural justice require that:-
 - (a) a person be given adequate notice of or sufficient time to prepare for an appeal; or
 - (b) the appeal be scheduled at a time that does not affect the appellant's or the appellant's Club's preparation for the next scheduled Match, those requirements are expressly excluded from these Rules.

11. **Adjournment and Stay of Penalty**
 - (1) **Person to Serve Penalty**

Subject to paragraph 11(2) of this By-Law, where the Commissioner imposes a penalty that prevents the appellant from participating in a match, the appellant shall serve that penalty pending the determination of the appeal unless otherwise authorized by the Tribunal pursuant to paragraph 9(4) of this By-Law.
 - (2) **Power to Adjourn**

Subject to paragraph 11(3) of this By-Law, the Tribunal may of its own motion or upon application of any party to the appeal, order:-

 - (a) that an appeal be adjourned; or
 - (b) a stay of the execution of the penalty imposed by the Commissioner pending the determination of the appeal.
 - (3) **Exceptional and Compelling Circumstances**

The Tribunal shall make an order under paragraph 11(2) of this By-Law only where it is satisfied that there are exceptional and compelling circumstances that make it harsh and unconscionable if an appropriate order was not made.
12. **New Hearing**
 - (a) Subject to paragraph 12(b) of this By-Law, the Tribunal shall deal with the appeal as a new hearing.
 - (b) The Tribunal may have regard to the record of the proceeding before the Commissioner as previously constituted, including a record of any evidence taken in the hearing before the Commissioner.
13. **Procedure and Evidence**
 - (1) **Regulate own Procedure**

Subject to the further matters set out in this By-Law, the Tribunal may regulate any proceedings brought before it in such manner as it thinks fit.
 - (2) **Conduct of Appeal**

The hearing before the Tribunal shall be:-

 - (a) inquisitorial in nature; and
 - (b) conducted with as little formality and technicality and with as much expedition as the proper consideration of the matters before it permits.
 - (3) **Rules of Evidence**

The Tribunal is not bound by the rules of evidence or by practices and procedures applicable to Courts of record, but may inform itself as to any matter in any such manner as it thinks fit.
14. **Power of Tribunal**
 - (a) The Tribunal may confirm, reverse or modify the decision of the Commissioner the subject of the appeal and make such orders and give such directions in such manner as it thinks fit.
 - (b) Paragraphs 4 (other than sub-paragraph (c)), 5, 6, 7, and 8 of By-Law E2 (as necessarily adapted and to the extent that the Tribunal considers it appropriate in a particular case) shall apply to appeals before the Tribunal commenced under this By-Law and any reference to the Commissioner shall be read as a reference to the Tribunal.
 - (c) Where a matter has been referred to the Tribunal pursuant to sub-paragraph (g) of paragraph 5 of By-Law E2 or sub-paragraphs (b) or (c) of paragraph 1 of this By-Law, the powers of the Tribunal shall include the powers referred to in paragraph 5 of By-Law E2 (as necessarily adapted and, in addition to those powers, the Tribunal shall be at liberty to make any recommendation to the member of the Compliance Committee or the Board of Management, as the case may be, as it deems fit.
15. **Majority Decisions**

The questions on appeal before the Tribunal must be decided according to the opinion of a majority of the members constituting the Tribunal.
16. **No Written Reasons**

The Tribunal is not obliged to give other than oral reasons for a decision under paragraph 14 of this By-Law.
17. **Onus and Standard on Appeal**

On the hearing of an appeal the appellant shall bear the onus of showing on the balance of probabilities that the Reportable Offence or matter should be dismissed or that the penalty was inappropriate, as the case may be.
18. **An appellant may be represented at the hearing of the Appeal by another person.**
19. **The person who lodged the report which was the subject of the decision of the Commissioner which is appealed from shall appear before the Tribunal in the same capacity as that person's appearance before the Commissioner.**
20. **Questions of Law and Fact**

In the hearing and determination of an appeal, the Tribunal shall decide all questions of law and fact and without limitation shall determine the meaning of any words of a Reportable Offence.

21. **Appeal Fee**
 - (a) Where the Tribunal upholds an appeal as to liability or penalty (including where it dismisses the appeal as to liability but reduces the penalty imposed by the Commissioner), the payment made under paragraph 7 of this By-Law shall be refunded.
 - (b) Where the Tribunal dismisses the appeal in total, the payment made under paragraph 6 of this By-Law shall not be refunded, unless in the circumstances of the case the Tribunal determines in its absolute discretion that some or all of the said payment should be refunded.
22. **Validity of Charge and Hearings**
 - (a) Where there is any procedural irregularity in the manner in which an appeal has been brought, the Tribunal may still hear and determine the appeal unless it is of the opinion that the irregularity has caused or may cause injustice if the appeal was heard.
 - (b) A decision of the Tribunal is not invalid because of any defect or irregularity in, or in connection with, the appointment of a Tribunal member.
 - (c) Subject to paragraph 10.(1) of this By-Law, any procedure or requirement regulating the function of the Tribunal is directory in nature and a decision of the Tribunal is not invalid by reason of that procedure or requirement not being fulfilled

E5 SUSPENSION OF PLAYERS

- (a) No player under suspension by any other Cricket Association or Competition shall be permitted to play in any match in the Adelaide Turf Cricket Association during the period of such suspension, and if a player breaches this By-Law the Executive Officer shall refer the matter to the Tribunal which shall exercise such powers in relation to the player and the player's club as it shall deem fit. In exceptional circumstances (such as a suspension which is for a small number of matches but which, by its timing, extends into the following season) the Player may appeal to the Tribunal, which may vary the application of this By-Law.
- (b) Any suspension incurred by a player playing in the ATCA shall result in him/her being excluded from playing in all ATCA sanctioned competitions for the duration of the suspension unless directed or recorded otherwise by the CEP/Commissioner, Tribunal or Chairperson of the Compliance Committee. For the purposes of this Bylaw the Two Day Competition, LO Competition and T20 Competition are classed as separate competitions.
- (c) If during the period of the suspension the team for whom the player was playing when he/she received the suspension is subject to no play for a designated round that abandonment does not count towards the serving of the penalty
- (d) If during the period of the suspension the team for whom the player was playing when he/she received the suspension is subject to a bye for a designated round that bye does not count towards the serving of the penalty unless determined otherwise by the CEP/Commissioner

E6 RESTRICTION OF COMMENT BEFORE HEARINGS

No player or Club official, nor any umpire, may make any comment to any media organisation, or representative of such organisation, or via any public media, prior to the official filing or hearing of any charge, report or protest which has been laid pursuant to the provisions of these Bylaws. Any breach of this Bylaw must be investigated by the Commissioner, who may take such action against the player or Club official and/or his/her Club, as the Commissioner deems appropriate.

PART F. EXPERIMENTAL AND CRICKET AUSTRALIA LAWS

This section contains Experimental laws and Interpretations received from Cricket Australia which have been adopted by the ATCA and shall apply to grades as shown

F1 UMPIRES PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Umpires shall have the option of wearing any recognised sporting protective equipment that would reduce the chance of injury to any part of his/her body.

PART G. ADELAIDE TURF CRICKET ASSOCIATION CODE OF CONDUCT AND GUIDELINES FOR PENALTIES

This Code of Behaviour document should be read in conjunction with the Laws of Cricket and the ATCA Constitution, Rules and Bylaws and is not intended to replace them.

PREAMBLE

Cricket is a game that owes much of its unique appeal to the fact that it is to be played not only within its Laws, but also within the spirit of the game. Any action seen as abusing this spirit cause's injury to the game itself. Embracing the spirit of the game means participating, either as a player or as an official, fairly and exhibiting respect for other players and officials and the game's traditional values such as graciousness in defeat and humility in victory. Cricket has a distinct place in Australian society and history. As an element in Australia's national identity, cricket plays a significant role. This status brings with it particular responsibilities for players and officials to conform to high standards of fair play and personal behaviour on and off the field. This Code of Behaviour is intended to protect and enshrine such important qualities and standards so that all may continue to enjoy the game of cricket now and in the future.

SECTION 1: RULES FOR BEHAVIOUR – OFFENCES

Each of the rules for behaviour has a guideline. The guidelines are intended as an illustrative guide only and in the case of any doubt as to the interpretation of the Rule, the provisions of the Rule itself shall take precedence over the provisions of the guidelines. The guidelines should not be read as an exhaustive list of offences or prohibited conduct.

1. Level 1 Offences

The Offences set out at 1.1 to 1.5 below are Level 1 Offences. The range of penalties which shall be imposed for a Level 1 Offence is set out in Section 2 of this Code.

Players and, where applicable, officials must not:

No.	Rule	Guidelines
1.1	Abuse cricket equipment or clothing, ground equipment or fixtures and fittings	Includes actions outside the course of normal cricket actions such as hitting or kicking the wickets and actions which intentionally or negligently result in damage to the advertising boards, boundary fences, or any part of, or contents of, any building or structure at the ground.
1.2	Show dissent at an umpire's decision by action or verbal abuse	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Includes excessive, obvious disappointment with an umpire's decision or with an umpire making the decision and obvious delay in resuming play or leaving the wicket.This Rule does not prohibit the bowler involved in the decision or a team captain from asking an umpire to provide an explanation for a decision, or the captain from commenting on the umpires' performance in his Captain's Report.
1.3	Use language that is obscene, offensive or insulting and/or the making of an obscene gesture	<ul style="list-style-type: none">This includes swearing and offensive gestures which are not directed at another person such as swearing in frustration at one's own poor play or fortune.The extent to which such behaviour is likely to give offence shall be taken into account when assessing the seriousness of the breach.
1.4	Engaging in excessive appealing	Excessive shall mean repeated appealing when the bowler/fielder knows the batsman is not out, with the intention of placing the umpire under pressure. It is not intended to prevent loud or enthusiastic appealing. However, the practice of celebrating or assuming a dismissal before the decision has been given may also come within this Rule.
1.5	Point or gesture towards the pavilion in an aggressive manner, or behave aggressively or derisively towards either batsman, upon the dismissal of a batsman	Includes charging or running up to the batsman and getting "in his face".

2. Level 2 Offences

The Offences set out at 2.1 to 2.8 below are Level 2 Offences. The range of penalties which shall be imposed for a Level 2 Offence is set out in Section 2 of this Code.

Players and, where applicable, officials must not:

No.	Rule	Guidelines
2.1	Show serious dissent at an umpire's decision by action or verbal abuse	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dissent should be classified as serious where the dissent is expressed by a specific action such as the shaking of the head, snatching cap from umpire, pointing at pad or inside edge, other displays of anger or abusive language directed at the umpire or excessive delay in resuming play or leaving the wicket. This Rule does not prohibit the bowler involved in the decision or a team captain from asking an umpire to provide an explanation for a decision, or the Captain commenting on the umpires' performance in his Captain's Report.
2.2	Engage in inappropriate and deliberate physical contact with other players or officials in the course of play	Without limitation, players will breach this regulation if they deliberately walk or run into or shoulder another player, official or match official.
2.3	Charge or advance towards the umpire in an aggressive manner when appealing	Self-explanatory.
2.4	Deliberately and maliciously distract or obstruct another player or official on the field of play	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This does not replace Law 42 (4) and (5) of the Laws of Cricket. Without limitation, players will breach this rule if they deliberately attempt to distract a striker by words or gestures or deliberately shepherd a batsman while running or attempting to run between wickets.
2.5	Throw the ball at or near a player or official in an inappropriate and/or dangerous manner	This Rule will not prohibit a fielder or bowler from returning the ball to the stumps in the normal fashion.
2.6	Use language that is obscene, offensive or of a seriously insulting nature to another player, official or spectator	This is language or gestures which are directed at another person. See comments under Rule 1.3 above in relation to the seriousness of the breach.
2.7	Change the condition of the ball in breach of Law 42.3	Prohibited behaviour includes picking the seam or deliberately throwing the ball into ground for the purpose of roughening it up and the application of moisture to the ball, save for perspiration and saliva.
2.8	Attempt to manipulate a Match in regard to the result, net run rate, performance points or otherwise. The captain of any team guilty of such conduct shall be held responsible.	Prohibited conduct under this rule will include incidents where a team bats in such a way as to either adversely affect its own, or improve its opponent's, performance points or net run rate.

3. Level 3 Offences

The Offences set out at 3.1 to 3.3 below are Level 3 Offences. The range of penalties which shall be imposed for a Level 3 Offence is set out in Section 2 of this Code. **Players and, where applicable, officials must not:**

No.	Rule	Guidelines
3.1	Intimidate an umpire whether by language or conduct	Includes appealing in an aggressive or threatening manner.
3.2	Threaten to assault another player, Team official or spectator	Self-explanatory.
3.3	Use language or gestures that offend, insult, humiliate, intimidate, threaten, disparage or vilify another person on the basis of that person's race, religion, colour, descent or national or ethnic origin	Self-explanatory.

Level 4 Offences

The Offences set out at 4.1 to 4.4 below are Level 4 Offences. The range of penalties which shall be imposed for a Level 4 Offence is set out in Section 2 of this Code.

Players and, where applicable, officials must not:

No.	Rule	Guidelines
4.1	Threaten to assault an umpire or referee	Self-explanatory.
4.2	Physically assault another player, umpire, referee, official or spectator	Self-explanatory.
4.3	Engage in any act of violence on the field of play	Self-explanatory.
4.4	Use language or gestures that seriously offends, insults, humiliates, intimidates, threatens, disparages or vilifies another person on the basis of that person's race, religion, colour, descent or national or ethnic origin	Self-explanatory.

5. Laws of Cricket and Spirit of the Game

No.	Rule	Guidelines
5	Players must obey the Laws of Cricket and play within the spirit of the game. The captain and Team coach must use their best efforts to ensure that their Team and individual members of the Team comply with this rule	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• This is meant as a general Rule to deal with situations where the facts of or the gravity or seriousness of the alleged incident are not adequately or clearly covered by the offences set out in Rules 1-4 (inclusive) of the Code.• Conduct which will be prohibited under the clause includes time wasting and any conduct which is considered "unfair play" under Law 42 of the Laws of Cricket.• This Rule is not intended to punish unintentional breaches of the Laws of Cricket.• Reference may be made to any statement or explanation of the Spirit of Cricket published in conjunction with the Laws of Cricket.• Nothing in this Rule or the Code alters the onus on the captain to ensure that the Spirit of the Game is adhered to as stated and defined in the preamble to the Laws of Cricket.

6. Unbecoming Behaviour, includes breaches of ATCA policies

No.	Rule	Guidelines
6	Without limiting any other rule, players and officials must not at any time engage in behaviour unbecoming to a player or official that could bring the game of cricket into disrepute or be harmful to the interests of cricket	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• This is also meant as a general Rule to deal with situations where the facts of or the gravity or seriousness of the alleged incident are not adequately or clearly covered by the offences set out in Rules 1 – 4 (inclusive) of the Code.• It is intended to include serious or repeated criminal conduct, public acts of misconduct including by written word, unruly public behaviour and cheating during play.

SECTION 2: PENALTIES

1. In the event the Commissioner decides that any person has breached any of Levels 1- 4 (inclusive) of Section 1 of this Code of Behaviour, he will normally apply a penalty but are not bound by a penalty or form of penalty, within the range of penalties for each level of offence set out in the table below. However, he may also apply any or all of the penalties set out in Level 2 of this Section where circumstances require a greater penalty than the guideline (such as in the case of a player having been found guilty of previous offences, whether in this or other Competitions, or where the offence is particularly serious).

Set apart penalties relevant to all 3 senior competitions

Level of Offence	Penalty Range Two Day Comp	Penalty Range Limited Over and T20 Comp
Level 1	Official reprimand and/or a fine up to \$500 and/or a ban of up to 2 Matches	Official reprimand and/or a fine up to \$500 and/or a ban of up to 4
Level 2	Ban of 2 or 3 Matches	Ban of 4 or 6 Matches
Level 3	Ban of 3 to 5 Matches	Ban of 6 to 10 Matches
Level 4	Ban of 6 or more Matches or a life ban.	Ban of 10 or more Matches or a life ban.

- i. Any part of a suspension handed down may be suspended
- ii. Any suspended sentence so imposed will automatically apply for a minimum period of two (2) years
- iii. If a player is subsequently found guilty of a further offence whilst that suspended sentence is still current no allowance will be given to suspending any part of any new penalty.
- iv. As well as the penalty imposed against the player as outlined in 1 (i) the Commissioner or CEP will apply a match point penalty within the range of penalties for each level of offence set out in the tables below. The penalty will be applied to the offending player's team in the grade in which the offence occurred.

Penalty Range 2 Day Comp	Match Point Range	Penalty Range LO Comp	Match Point Range
Ban of 1 to 2 Matches	1 to 3 points	Ban of 1 to 4 Matches	1 to 3 points
Ban of 3 Matches	4 to 6 points	Ban of 5 to 7 Matches	4 to 6 points
Ban of 4 to 5 Matches	7 to 10 points	Ban of 8 to 10 Matches	7 to 10 points
Ban of 6 or more Matches or a life ban.	11 to 20 points	Ban of 11 or more matches or a life ban	11 to 20 points

- v. The following penalty range will automatically be enacted and continue to be applied upon the third instance of a player from the same club being subject to a guilty finding during the current season. That additional penalty, as well as being applied in its entirety to the team for which the offending player played, will be also applied up to a maximum of 5 Match Points, equally across all the clubs other teams participating in all designated ATCA Competitions. For the purposes of this Bylaw the Senior and Junior competitions shall be regarded as separate standalone competitions.

Number of Players	Match Point Range
3	1 to 4 points
4	5 to 8 points
5	9 to 12 points
6 or more	13 to 20 points

- vi. The CEP or Commissioner has a discretion, based on the premise of exceptional circumstances, to waiver all or part of the imposition of the extra penalty for any player or team who has been penalised under part (v).
- vii. Match Point Penalties incurred during the round of finals will be applied at the beginning of the next season. NOTE: The penalty will be applied irrespective of the fact that part of the penalty may be suspended. Suspended penalties carried over from the previous season and activated in the current season fall within the parameters of this section.
2. Without limiting the penalties in Level 1 of this Section, in the event the Commissioner decides that any person has breached any of Levels 5 or 6 of Section 1 of this Code of Behaviour, the following penalties may be applied:-
 - i. Ban the person from participating in any Match;
 - ii. Fine the person any amount up to \$500 and/or Reprimand the person
 - iii. Official reprimand and/or fine the person any amount up to \$500 and/or
 - iv. Impose a suspended sentence
 - v. A combination of a fine or ban, including an either/or option
 - vi. Any match bans are also subject to match point penalties using above criteria and table/s
3. When imposing any penalty under Section 2, upon a person who has breached this Code of Behaviour, the Commissioner may take into account any circumstance it considers relevant, including the following:-
 - i. The seriousness of the breach;
 - ii. The harm caused by the breach;
 - iii. The person's seniority and standing in the game;
 - iv. Remorse shown by the person and the prospect of further breaches;
 - v. The person's prior record
 - vi. The impact of the penalty on the person.

LOST PLAYING TIME - OVERS CALCULATOR					
MINUTES	OVERS	MINUTES	OVERS	MINUTES	OVERS
3.5	1	122.5	35	241.5	69
7.0	2	126.0	36	245.0	70
10.5	3	129.5	37	248.5	71
14.0	4	133.0	38	252.0	72
17.5	5	136.5	39	255.5	73
21.0	6	140.0	40	259.0	74
24.5	7	143.5	41	262.5	75
28.0	8	147.0	42	266.0	76
31.5	9	150.5	43	269.5	77
35.0	10	154.0	44	273.0	78
38.5	11	157.5	45	276.5	79
42.0	12	161.0	46	280.0	80
45.5	13	164.5	47	283.5	81
49.0	14	168.0	48	287.0	82
52.5	15	171.5	49	290.5	83
56.0	16	175.0	50	294.0	84
59.5	17	178.5	51	297.5	85
63.0	18	182.0	52	301.0	86
66.5	19	185.5	53	304.5	87
70.0	20	189.0	54	308.0	88
73.5	21	192.5	55	311.5	89
77.0	22	196.0	56	315.0	90
80.5	23	199.5	57	318.5	91
84.0	24	203.0	58	322.0	92
87.5	25	206.5	59	325.5	93
91.0	26	210.0	60	329.0	94
94.5	27	213.5	61	332.5	95
98.0	28	217.0	62	336.0	96
101.5	29	220.5	63	339.5	97
105.0	30	224.0	64	343.0	98
108.5	31	227.5	65	346.5	99
112.0	32	231.0	66	350.0	100
115.5	33	234.5	67		
119.0	34	238.0	68		
IF TIME LOSS IS BETWEEN GRADUATIONS TAKE HIGHER GRADUATIONS					